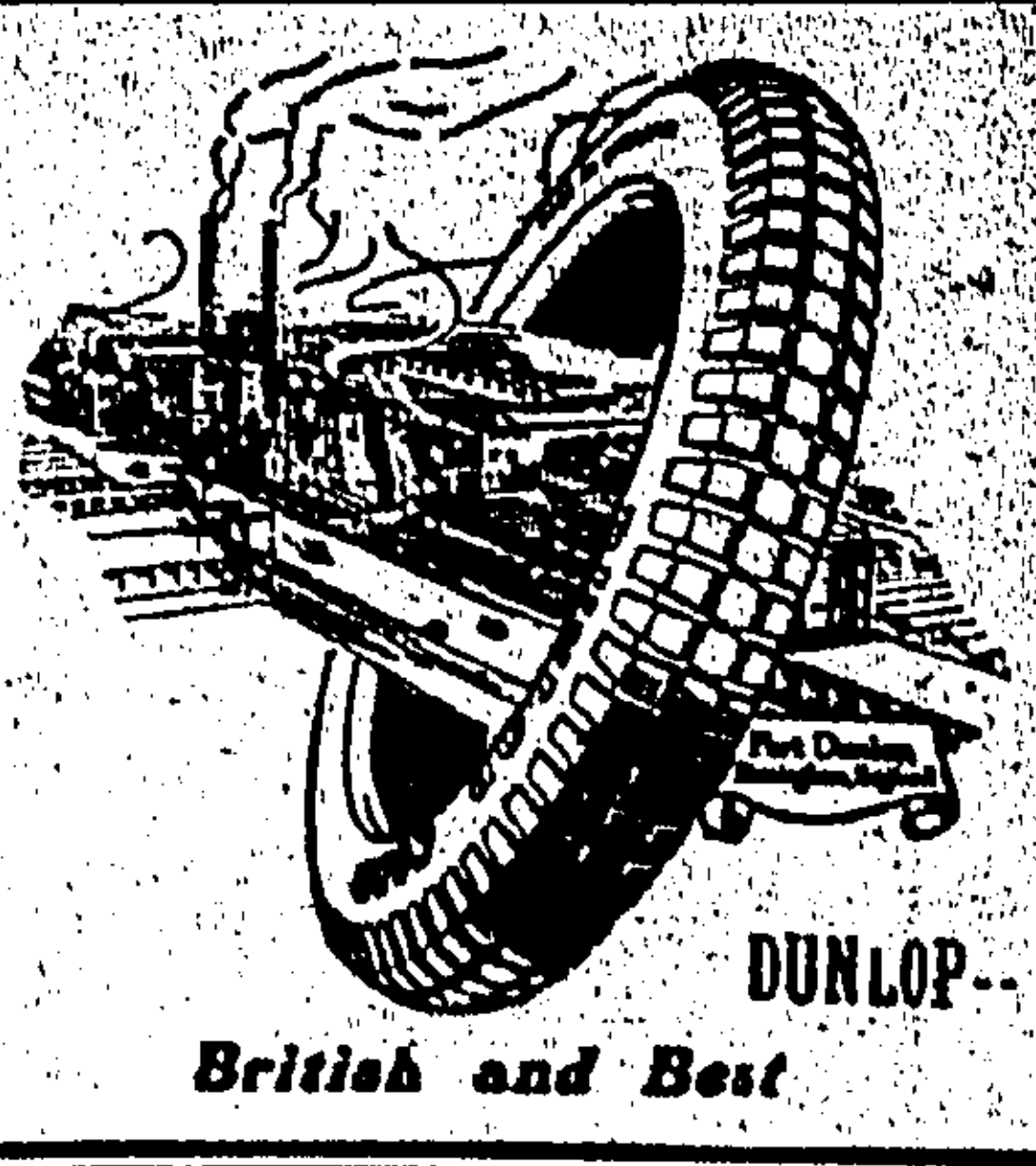


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SHOULD EXTRALITY BE ABOLISHED?

INTOLERANT REVOLUTIONARY PSYCHOLOGY.

DIFFERING APPROACHES.

[SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"]

The abolition of extraterritoriality and the recent mandate of the National Government bearing on the issues is the foremost subject of discussion in China to-day. The Powers have refused to consider immediate abolition, but are preparing to negotiate the question of the gradual relinquishment of foreign rights.

The following article discusses frankly the natural question: Should Extraterritoriality be Abolished? Written specially for the *Telegraph*, the author is a foreign gentleman who has spent a great part of his life in the interior of China and the outports. His views are the result of a long study of Chinese customs and methods.

Point is given to the article by the news from Wuchow of the detention of two Chinese British subjects and of the refusal of the authorities to surrender them on the ground that extraterritorial rights no longer exist.

CONTEMPT FOR REALITIES.

Discussion of the extraterritorial issue is a vexed one, even, it ventures to think, in high diplomatic circles, by two causes of confusion. The Nationalist Government approaches the question with the psychology of the Revolution, while the Powers approach it historically; but the Chinese defend their position not on the high ground of their approach, but on the ground of their opponents' choosing, namely the question of actual conditions in China to-day. The result is confusion worse confounded.

On the top of patently unreal descriptions of the present legal code and judicial situation, and with a sublime contempt for the realities of the political situation, they make extravagant claims, and then state the world with a proposal unilaterally to denounce the whole system.

Kuomintang Policy.

The case for the abolition of extraterritoriality would be strong if the Nationalists confined themselves to general principles, the principles which really move them. Their demand for the abolition of extraterritoriality, for the handing back of the concessions, and for such things as exclusive control of river and coast shipping, is founded on Kuomintang policy as formulated in Dr. Sun's Last Will and Testament. In this he called on the People to unite in two tasks in order to consummate the revolution, namely the unification of the nation under the Party, and the securing of China's place in the family of nations.

Complete international equality is felt to be essential to the attainment of this second aim.

Flat Denial.

The consequence is that in all those points in which it is felt that China's sovereignty is, in however remote a way, infringed, the foreign Powers stand to the Party as the Manchus did to those who started the revolution within the nation.

Diplomacy may, in the meantime, be necessary as a cover to the real revolutionary movement, but revolutionary activity is at its best when a flat defiance can be flung down.

Unilateral denunciation of treaties may be diplomatically scandalous, but it is true-blue revolution.

In revolutionary parlance, China is a "small and oppressed" people, which must be set free by the Party from political and economic oppression.

It is felt that extraterritoriality gives foreigners a privileged position in China, that while it exists China is not mistress in her own home, and that it casts a reflection on the civilization and culture of the country.

The question of how far this last point may be justified is brushed aside. Revolutionary psychology is intolerant of

THE APPROACHING NAVAL PARLEY.

ARCHBISHOP URGES EARNEST PRAYER.

PRESIDENT'S FAREWELL TO U.S. DELEGATION.

GRASP OF ESSENTIALS.

London, Jan. 7.

Failure to secure an agreement at the Five-Power Naval Conference in London a fortnight hence would be an international calamity, suggests the Archbishop of Canterbury in a letter addressed to the Churches, requesting prayers for its success.

The whole of the churches of England, Wales and the United States are setting aside Sunday, January 19th, for a day of prayer and intercession for the success of the conference.

In his letter to the Churches, the Archbishop of Canterbury (Dr. Lang) says that in some respects the Naval Conference is the most important international gathering since the Paris Conference of 1919.

Serious Issue.

Failure of the nations concerned to come to an agreement after such high hopes have been entertained would be a serious setback on the difficult road to stable international peace.—*Reuter*.

Washington, Jan. 7.

Expressing the hope that the American people will co-operate in the successful progress of the London Naval Disarmament Conference by "patience, encouragement and freedom from criticism," President Hoover to-day, bade farewell to the American delegation to the Conference.

U.S. Delegation.

The delegation is composed as follows:

Mr. H. L. Stimson, Secretary of State;
Mr. Dwight Morrow, Ambassador to Mexico;

General Charles Dawes, Ambassador to Britain;

Mr. Hugh Gibson, Ambassador to Belgium;

Senator David A. Reed;
Senator Joseph T. Robinson;

Rear Admiral Hilary Jones; and
Admiral William Pratt.

They are sailing from New York by the s.s. George Washington on Thursday.

President's Farewell.

President Hoover, in his farewell speech, declared that the complexities of the problems at stake were such that no immediate and quick results need be hoped.

The completion of the conference in three months or even four months would be in itself a great accomplishment.

The President added that there was good will to the conference on the part of every nation interested and he expressed the opinion that the United States had never before sent a delegation abroad with such a grasp of the essentials of the particular problems they had to solve.

Mr. Stimson's Message.

Mr. H. L. Stimson, the leader of the delegation, in a farewell message, said that this was the most opportune time to see if they could not still further delay or decrease the expenses of a battle ship fleet.

Simultaneously they would endeavour to find a mutually satisfactory arrangement for limiting the building of cruisers, destroyers and submarines and thus still further increase that sense of security which was essential to international good will.

It is announced that the churches of the United States will observe Sunday, January 9th, as a day of prayer for the success of the London Naval Conference.—*Reuter's American Service*.

WINTRY WEATHER IN HONGKONG.

THE COLDEST JANUARY FOR TWELVE YEARS.

41.7 THIS MORNING.

Hongkong is again in the grip of a cold snap, the temperature recorded at the Royal Observatory this morning at 7.55 a.m. being 41.7. We have to go back twelve years to find a lower January temperature than this, the mercury then falling to 38.8.

Taking other months than January into account, to-day's temperature is the lowest recorded in the Colony since 1925, when, in February, it was down to 39.7.

The present cold snap is more pronounced than that experienced just before Christmas, when, on December 23rd, the lowest point reached was 44.5. This means

ALLIES PAYMENTS TO COME FIRST.

German Agree to this Principle.

AMERICA'S POSITION.

The Hague, Jan. 7.

The German delegates at the Reparations Conference held a private meeting with the six inviting Powers to-day when they agreed that the Reich shall never make separate payments to the United States nor any private treaty with the United States if payments to the Allies under the Young Plan are suspended.

This understanding followed almost naturally upon the American-German agreement whereby America's share of reparations is to be paid direct.—*Reuter*.

(that this morning's temperature was three degrees below that then experienced.)

The weather is, of course, quite reasonable for the time of the year, although present conditions are more usually encountered in February than in January.

The record low temperature for the Colony is 32 degrees, or exactly freezing-point, this being recorded in 1893.

Han River Frozen.

Hankow, Jan. 8.

A record cold spell prevails in this part of the country. The Han River was frozen over on Sunday and Monday. When the ice broke, a fire started amongst the boats, and many were drowned through the overturning of sampans.—*Reuter*.

The whole of China appears to be visited by a cold wave. Meteorological reports from Shanhai show that fourteen degrees of frost were registered, this morning, while the mercury fell to 24 at Chefoo.

At Vladivostok the seven degrees of frost were recorded, 6 a.m. to-day.

"RED" DISTURBANCE IN BERLIN.

POLICE CLASH WITH MOB OF COMMUNISTS.

Berlin, Jan. 7.

A serious disturbance occurred in the eastern district of Berlin to-day when police came into collision with Communists who were demonstrating following the funeral of two of their comrades, one of whom was a victim of the recent attack between the Nationalists and the Communists.

The crowd of Communists used sticks and stones when the clash with the police developed, and the police drew their revolvers, but fired into the air as a warning.

Forty-three "Reds" were arrested. Two policemen were injured in the scuffle.—*Reuter*.

NAVAL AIRMEN KILLED.

San Diego, Jan. 7.

Two naval airmen were killed here owing to their amphibian plane falling into San Diego Bay from a height of 1,500 feet.—*Reuter's American Service*.

A KOWLOON TONG PROBLEM.

NO WATER AVAILABLE FOR FLUSHING.

PLIGHT OF RESIDENTS SHOWN IN PROSECUTION.

ILLEGAL CONNEXION.

The fact that Kowloon Tong residents are undergoing considerable inconvenience in connexion with the supply of water for flushing purposes was emphasised by Mr. W. M. Gittins, of 22, Essex Crescent, who appeared before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistrate's Court this morning, on a summons for extending his water service by connecting unfettered water to the Government mains.

The defendant produced a notice which, he said, he received before the summons and which required him to remove the illegal connexion within three days. The work was accordingly carried out, being completed within one day, but, notwithstanding, a summons was subsequently served on him.

Mr. Lee, Inspector of Meters, intimated that the illegal connexions were discovered on December 17, when the Water Authority requested that they be removed, but they were still present on the 21st, when the premises were again visited.

No Inducement to Remedy.

His Worship pointed out that the application for the summons was made on December 19, while the notice, which the defendant produced was served on December 24. There was not very much inducement for remedying the defect if a man was going to be taken to Court in any case.

His Worship said that it was like putting the cart before the horse. To the defendant he pointed out that while the notice intimated that the service would be disconnected if the illegal fixtures were not removed, it did not inform the receiver that a summons would be issued if the notice was not complied with.

Referring to the offence, his Worship asked if any damage was actually done.

Mr. Lee intimated that the water was being used for flushing purposes.

His Worship:—What the Water Authority object to is extending the service?

Mr. Lee:—Extending the service for flushing purposes. It is a serious case.

Residents' Plight.

The defendant intimated that the residents of Kowloon Tong were in a peculiar position, as they had no flushing water. They had had trouble with the Sanitary Department over the flush system. The connexion had been made in such a way that unless a key were used, the water could not be connected. The fresh water was only used when necessary.

In reply to his Worship, defendant said he was an engineer.

His Worship remarked that he thought there should be a fine because he thought, that if the defendant was an engineer he ought to know he could not do it with Government property. There was also the question of using fresh water.

A Hard Position.

The defendant replied that unless they had fresh water, they would have no use of getting up against the S.W. Works Department or the S.W. Department; it was one way or the other.

His Worship remarked that it did seem rather hard, when the defendant had received a notice to remedy the defect, to be summoned when the connexions had been removed, but, at the same time, there was no getting away from the fact that he had no permission to extend the service. He thought he would have to impose a fine of \$10.

The defendant had to remember, continued his Worship, that it would be a serious thing if other people did the same thing. There were many other people in Kowloon Tong complaining of the same thing. His Worship thought the

(Continued on Page 3.)

FIRST "BREEZE" AT THE HAGUE.

FRENCH AND GERMANS HAVE TEMPER FRAYED.

QUICKLY OVERCOME.

The Hague, Jan. 7.

A slight "breeze" occurred during to-day's meeting of the Reparations Committee which is dealing with Germany's commitments. French and German tempers became temporarily frayed, and M. Tardieu, the French Premier, and Herr Moldenhauer, the German Finance Minister, became very outspoken.

Dr. Curtius, the German Foreign Minister, managed to smooth matters out, but he reminded the delegates that Germany could not always be the one to make the sacrifices.

The differences arose in connexion with the proposals for the establishment of a special advisory committee under the International Bank, which would function in the event of Germany seeking a moratorium.

The creditor Powers contend that such a Committee should not be vested with power to override the decision in the matter.

The creditor Powers also urged that the German Railways should be so run as to secure the payment of the railways' quota towards reparations, a proposal which would seriously embarrass Germany's Socialist Government for it would necessitate a reduction of wages and the dismissal of many railwaymen.

Despite the differences apparent, it is expected that the labours of the Conference will be successfully closed by to-morrow week.—*Reuter*.

THE SMUGGLING OF LIQUOR.

AMERICAN PLAN REGARDING CANADIAN BORDER.

NEW PORTS OF ENTRY.

Ottawa, Jan. 7.

The Federal Government has received a preliminary report from Mr. Massey, the Canadian Minister to Washington, outlining the proposals of the Washington Government for a large increase in the border patrol, with a view to stopping the inflow of Canadian liquor into the United States.

The proposals also suggest the establishment of 500 new ports of entry, in addition to the present hundred official ports, at which traffic across the border can be concentrated and adequately controlled.

At present, there are thousands of points along the border-line at which motor-cars cross, and the object of the Washington Government is to centralise, as far as possible, the crossing points.

The U.S. Government also intends to strengthen its Prohibition and Customs forces.—*Reuter*.

JOHN JACOB ASTOR'S MILLIONS.

THOUSANDS OF CLAIMANTS DISAPPOINTED.

New York, Jan. 7.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals has rejected the claims of thousands of descendants of John Nicholas Emerick to the fortune left by the late Mr. John Jacob Astor, the founder of the wealth of the Astor family.

The amount which the claimants expected to receive had the decision gone in their favour is variously estimated to be from \$39,000,000 to \$500,000,000.—*Reuter's American Service*.

BABE RUTH DECLINES A CONTRACT.

WANTS LONGER PERIOD AND BIGGER SALARY.

New York, Jan. 7.

"Babe" Ruth, the world's most famous baseball player, has declined an offer by the New York Yankees, his club, of a two-year contract, at the rate of \$47,500 per annum.

Ruth is demanding a three-year contract at \$55,000 per annum.—*Reuter's American Service*.

DOLLAR'S SLUMP EFFECTS.

COMMERCIAL CHAOS POSSIBLE.

IMPORT TRADE PRACTICALLY AT STANDSTILL.

BUSINESS MEN'S VIEW.

The likely effects of the fall of the dollar on the import trade of the Colony were anticipated by a well-known local textile authority, when interviewed by a *Telegraph* representative this morning. He expressed his views in the following terms:

The fall in the dollar has practically brought the import trade of the Colony to a standstill, because the new values, which it has given to imported cargo represent such an increase on those of 12 months ago that not only importers but the actual consumers have been unable to reconcile themselves, and what is more to the point, their incomes, to the new scale.

Having fallen as it has by almost 6d. since this date last year, it means that all foreign imports are relatively 25 per cent. dearer than a year ago, which, to say the least, is an increase that is compensated neither by any relative increase in the income of the consumer nor by any surplus margin he may have had before.

Economic Chaos.

It is almost impossible to name a period that would be essential to enable consumers to make such a reconciliation between these increased costs of daily commodities, with their spending capacity—certainly not in the short time it has taken to fall—and, this being so, there is not the least doubt that, whether by design or accident, the dollar has been forced so low that it has reached a limit which is most injurious to the trade of the Colony. It is very doubtful if a state of commercial chaos can be avoided.

The fact that the Hongkong dollar has given way is undoubtedly the direct cause of the fall of the tael, because, whilst the dollar was on a fictitious paper basis of 2/- and Hongkong being so geographically situated, it had some influence in keeping the tael up to a reasonable value; but since the silver dollar has been put into currency, the tael has fallen headlong in conjunction with the fall of silver, and in view of the enormous stocks in Shanghai of this metal practically waiting to be given away, he is a bold person who can say where either currency is going to end up.

Hopeless Failure.

It is evident now that the plea put forward when contemplating the deflation of the dollar—namely to encourage the sale of cargo lying in Hongkong to China proper—has failed hopelessly, because clearances are poorer to-day than they were when the dollar was about 1/1 1/2 in September. On the other hand, world purchasers of Hongkong and South China produce have withheld from buying because, as is well known, the lower the dollar goes, the cheaper becomes the produce.

It is quite impossible to find any purchasers for import cargo with currency falling every day, and there will be no purchasers of export cargo so long as the fall continues; but a more healthy state of trade might be reached when produce from South China again comes into demand.

Stabilisation Needed.

For this purpose, it is most essential that something like stability of value be given to our currency, irrespective on the level, although it cannot be agreed that anything so low as the present level is advantageous to the Colony.

Possibly, therefore, those who may have had any influence in reducing the dollar to its present level will now attempt to find a stable basis—a task more difficult to contemplate than the earlier one.

1930 Starts Badly.

A dealer in woollen goods also interviewed, said that the piece goods market was almost at a standstill, and that only an

(Continued on Page 12.)

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HEALTH QUERIES.

SMALL-POX OUTBREAK DISCUSSED.

The prevalence of cases of small-pox in the Colony was the subject of a series of questions tabulated by Mr. M. K. Lo and put to the Head of the Sanitary Board, at the fortnightly meeting which was held yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Lo sought to discover whether it was possible for a patient to be treated at his own home, provided certain conditions were complied with and received a reply in the affirmative. His query regarding Chinese objections to the disinfection of the premises where a case of small-pox had occurred received the reply that the authorities were unanimous that greater benefit would be derived by directly urging the widest possible measure of immunisation by vaccination. It was pointed out that while disinfection was innocuous it was occasionally injurious to clothing.

The meeting was presided over by Mr. G. R. Sayer while other members present were the Hon. Dr. A. R. Wellington (Director of Medical and Sanitary Services), the Hon. Mr. H. T. Greasy (Director of Public Works), the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga, Dr. W. V. M. Koch, Major D. G. Cheyne, O.B.E., M.C., Mr. T. N. Chau and Mr. J. Watson (secretary).

The first business, was a letter from the Government relative to the appointment of Mr. G. R. Sayer to be Head of the Sanitary Department.

The chairman extended a personal welcome to the Hon. Dr. A. R. Wellington, the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services. He said that the doctor was not there simply to take over the role occupied by the late Medical Officer of Health but with a view to considering what form was necessary for the administration of Public Health after examination of facts. With possible future reform he himself was not concerned but with solid facts and they had with them on the Board an officer who was responsible to the Colony for the interests of public health—a fact, which he could not pass over without some reference.

In the unavoidable absence of Mr. M. K. Lo, the questions standing in his name were put by the Hon. Mr. J. P. Braga. The questions and the chairman's replies were as follows:

The first question was:
(i). In view of the prevalence of small-pox cases in the Colony, will the Head of the Sanitary Department state, for the information of the public, whether or not it is the fact that a patient suffering from small-pox can be treated in his own home and is not subject to compulsory removal to the small-pox or any other hospital, if only the following conditions are complied with:

(a) That the case is forthwith notified to the Medical Officer of Health either directly or through the Public Dispensaries.
(b) That all the inmates submit themselves to vaccination, and
(c) That a notice is placed on the door to the effect that there is a small-pox case within?

(ii). If the above conditions do not accurately describe the actual conditions as laid down by the Board, will the Head of the Sanitary Department state what the actual conditions are?

The reply was:
(i). Yes.
The actual words of the resolution are as follows:

(a) That all cases in the district should be notified to the Medical Officer of Health.
(b) That all the inmates of the house should be vaccinated.
(c) That a notice should be posted on the door of the house where the patient is being treated.

Value of Vaccination.

The second question took the following form:

(i). Will the Head of the Sanitary Department state whether or not notification of a case of small-pox to the Medical Officer of Health, or discovery of such a case by him,

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

TWO ADDITIONAL CHINESE MEMBERS PROPOSED.

Shanghai, Jan. 7.
The Shanghai Municipal Council is to introduce a resolution at the next meeting of ratepayers in April to increase the number of Chinese members of the Council from three to five. The Council is of the opinion that developments in the last two years fully justify this increase. *Reuter.*

will involve the consequence of a general disinfecting of the furniture, personal effects, and premises in the place in which such a case has occurred?

(ii) In view of the fact that one of the chief reasons for dumping and concealment in the deep-rooted objection on the part of the poorer class of the Chinese, to disinfection, inspired by the fear, however ill-founded, to the injurious effect of disinfection on clothing etc., will the Head of the Sanitary Department confer with the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services and the Medical Officer of Health as to the feasibility, from the point of public health, of waiving disinfection upon the compliance of Condition 1 (i) (b) above in order to encourage and insure voluntary notification?

(iii) If disinfection is indispensable in the interests of public health, will the Head of the Sanitary Department consider the advisability of giving the widest possible publicity to a notification to the public in the Chinese language as to the innocuous and non-injurious effect of disinfection on clothing etc.?

In reply the Chairman said:

(i) Yes.

(ii) I have conferred with the authorities named and we are unanimous that greater benefit will be derived by directly urging the widest possible measure of immunisation by vaccination than by angling among the unvaccinated for notifications which they have no assurance will be generally given and which even if given would be given under conditions which would largely discount their value. They advise me that given the presence of an epidemic of small-pox disinfection of the infected premises as well as vaccination of the contacts is important, because the vaccinated, though themselves immune, are capable of carrying infection to the susceptible. But they point out that an epidemic and its consequent inconvenience can be entirely prevented provided vaccination is sufficiently general.

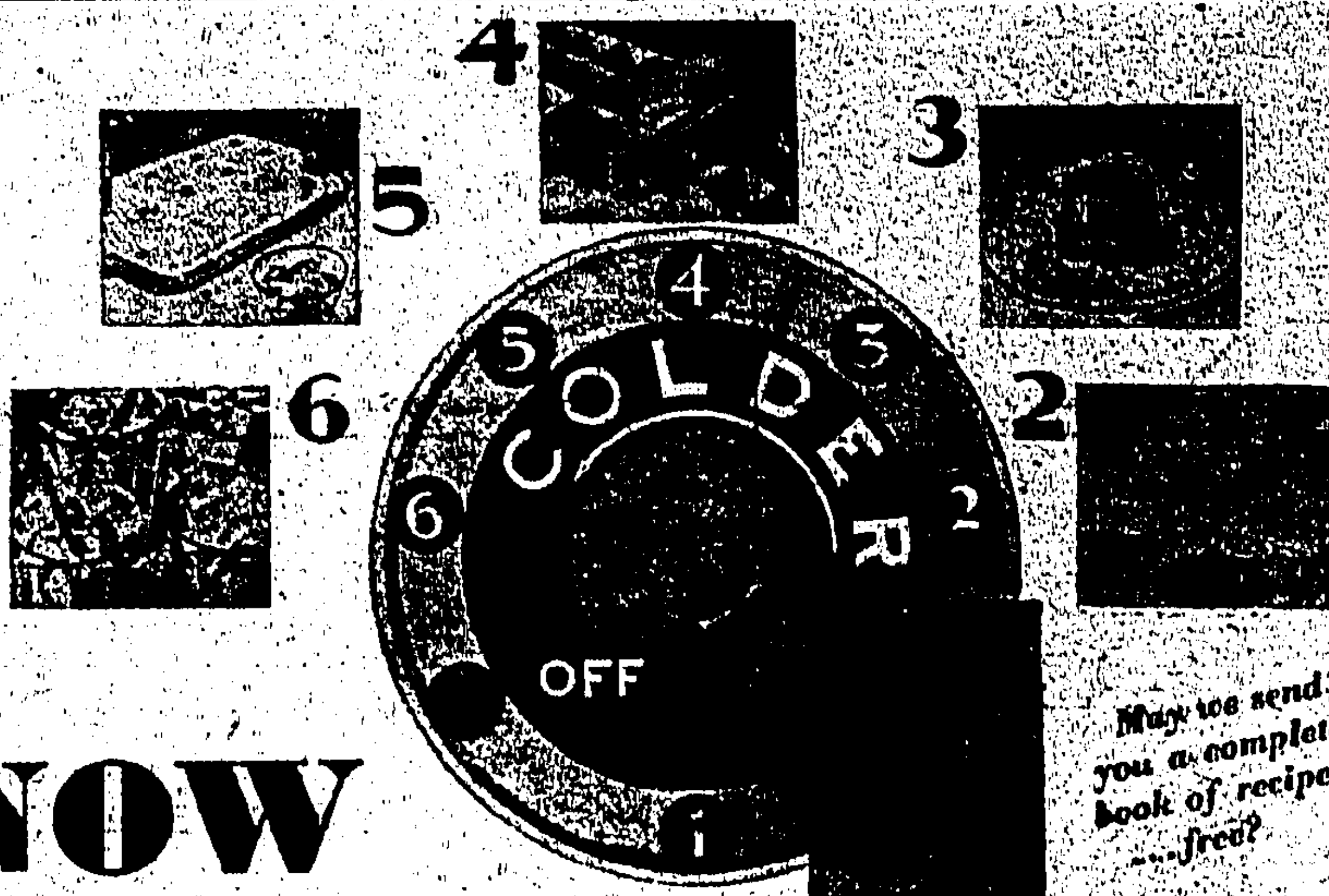
(iii) I am advised that, while disinfection is innocuous it is occasionally injurious to clothing. I would point out that Section 89 of the Ordinance provides for reasonable compensation in cases where infection has been duly reported.

Propaganda.

Mr. Lo's third query was:
In view of the fact that the Colony is once more faced with another small-pox epidemic, will the Head of the Sanitary Department consider the advisability of conducting a propaganda campaign amongst the Chinese explaining clearly the conditions under which a patient can be treated at home; the effects of disinfection; the grave risk to general health arising from dumping and concealment etc., so as to educate public opinion, remove any ignorance or prejudice and thus bring about the complete discontinuance of such practices as dumping and concealment which are so detrimental to the public good?

The Chairman's answer was:

I should be grateful if the Member (Mr. M. K. Lo) would assist in disseminating the above replies to the Chinese adding that the current practice rests solely on a resolution of the Board which, like all resolutions, is liable to repeal if proved in actual practice to be unsuccessful.



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Central British School.—No. 1139, M. L. Poynting.
Italian Convent.—No. 1100, Amy Leong Hon Wa (Dist. Biblical Knowledge).
Queen's College.—No. 617, Ho Hung Wai.

JAPAN'S TRADE.

A SMALL ADVERSE BALANCE FOR THE YEAR.

Tokyo, Jan. 7.
The official figures of foreign trade in 1929 show the smallest adverse balance since the excess of imports ceased in 1913; also the largest volume of exports with the exception of 1925.
Exports were Yen 2,148,000,000, and imports Yen 2,216,000,000. The adverse balance is Yen 67,000,000. *Reuter.*

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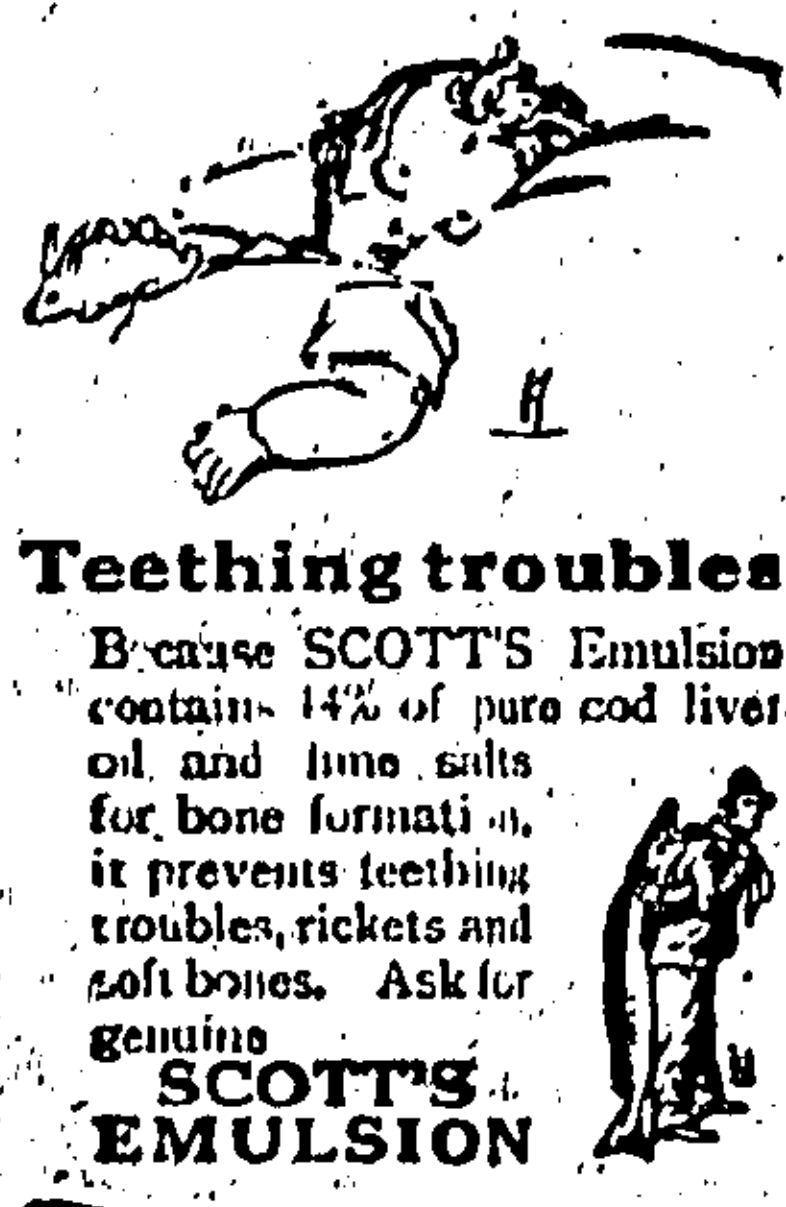
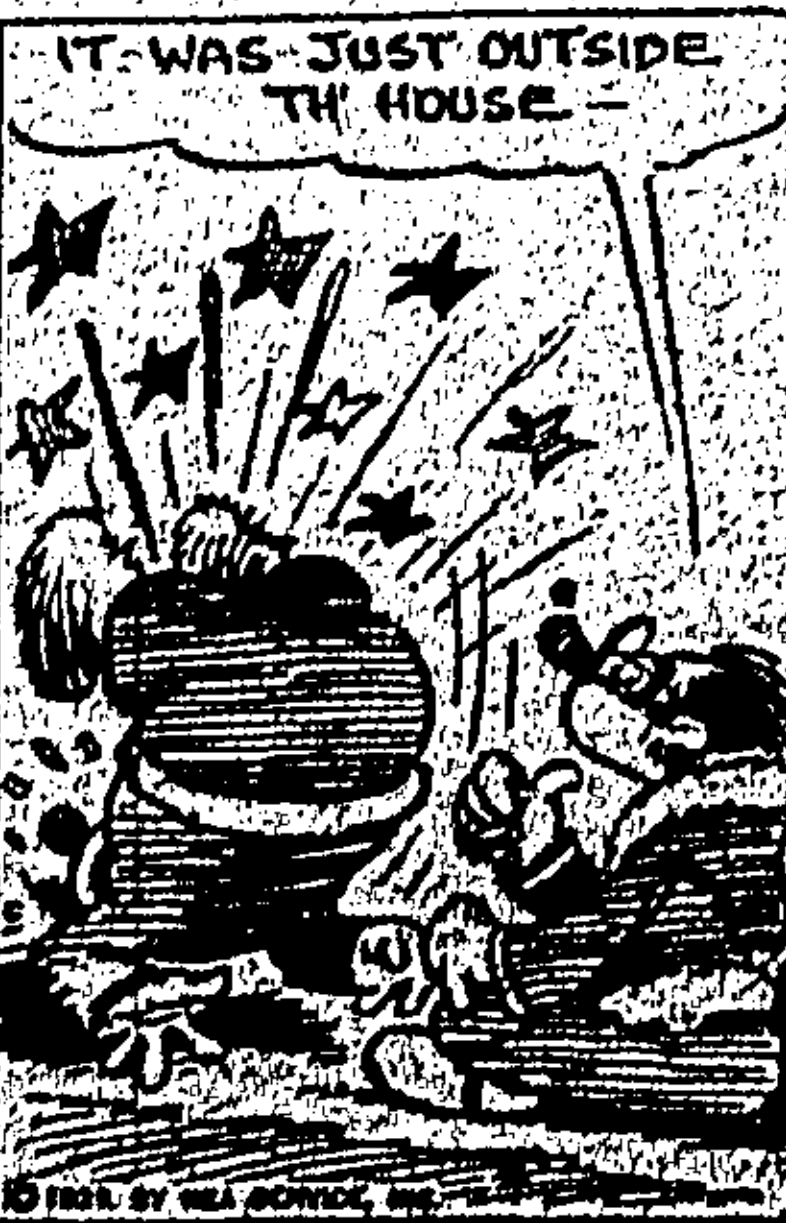
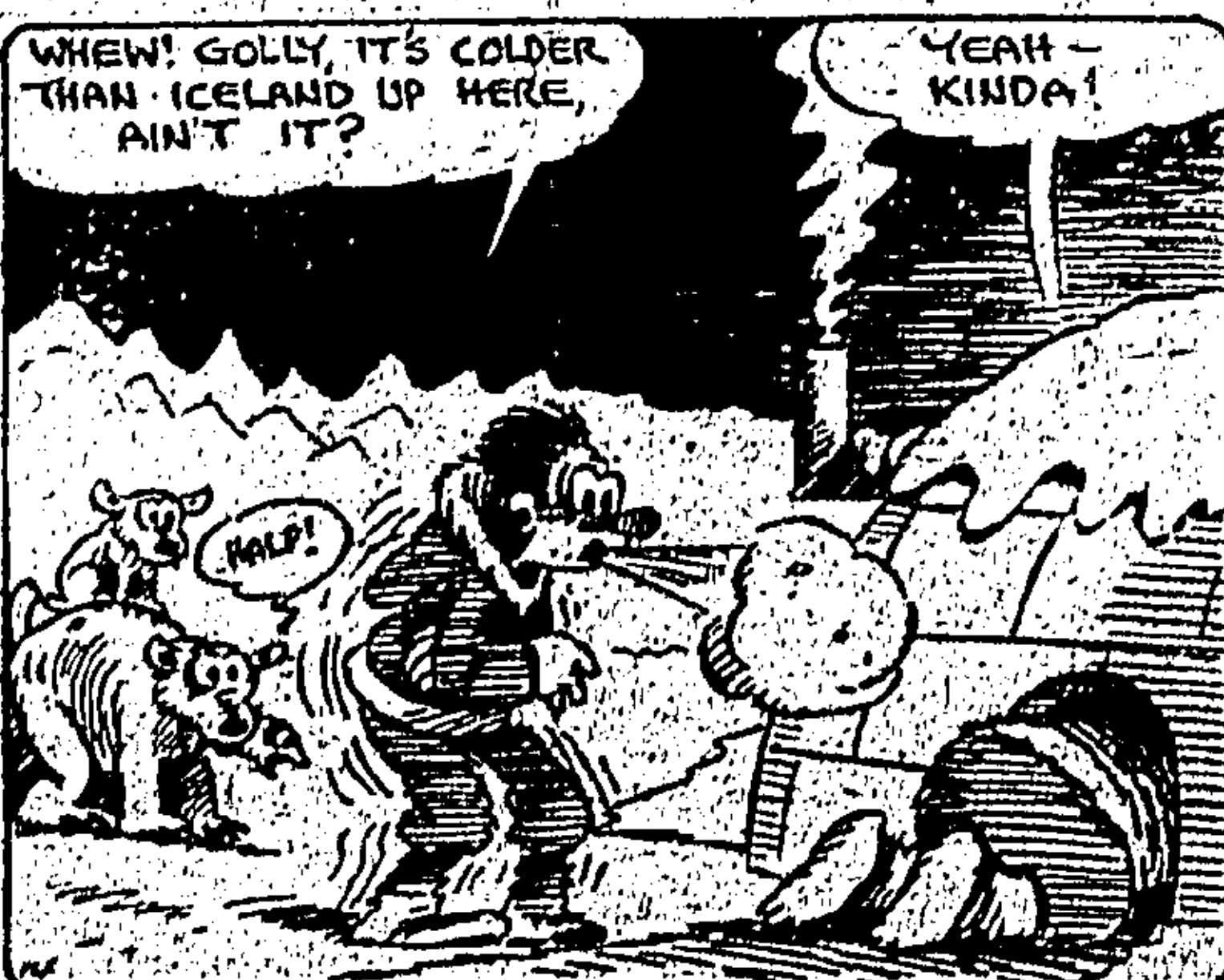
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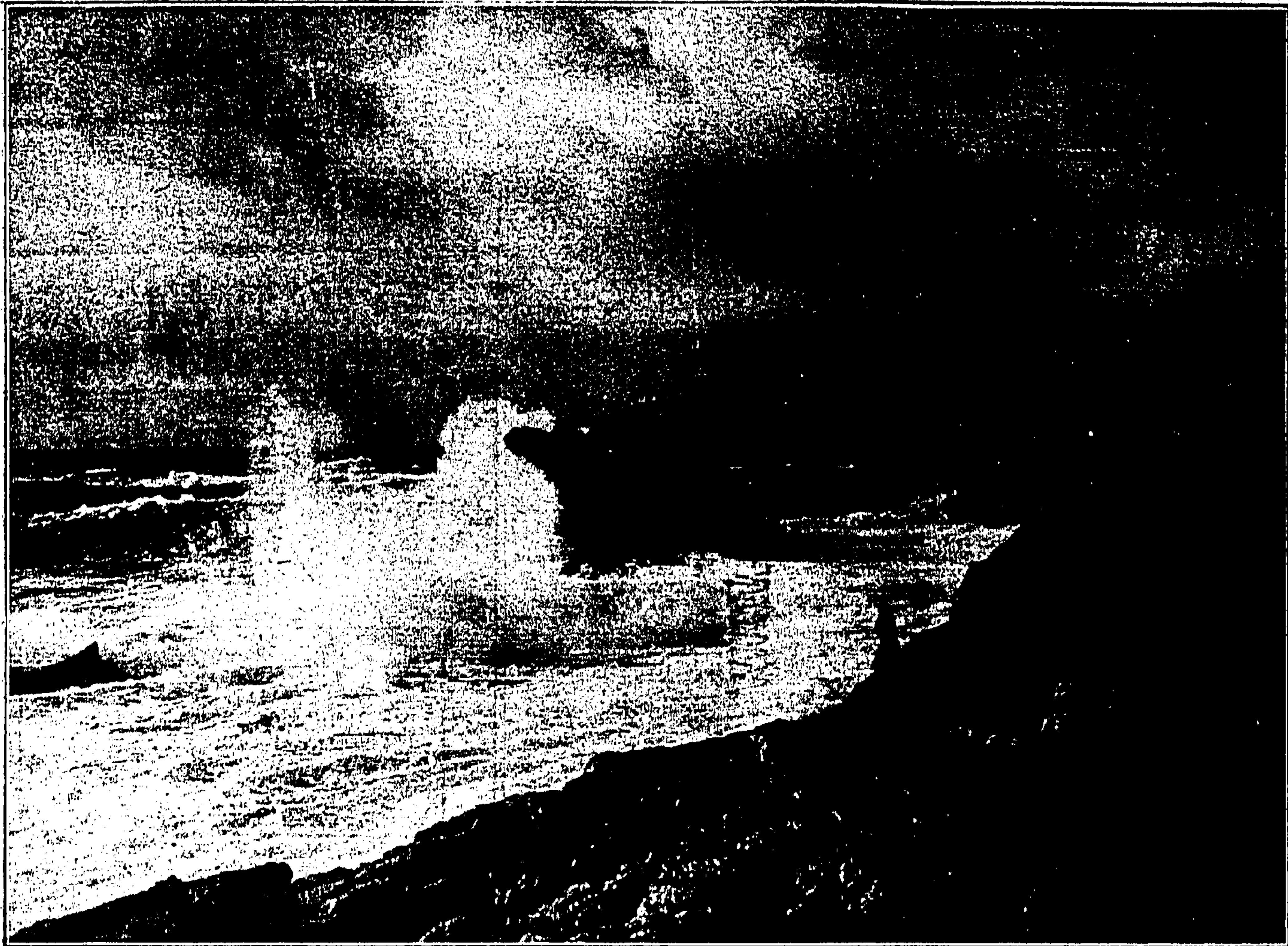
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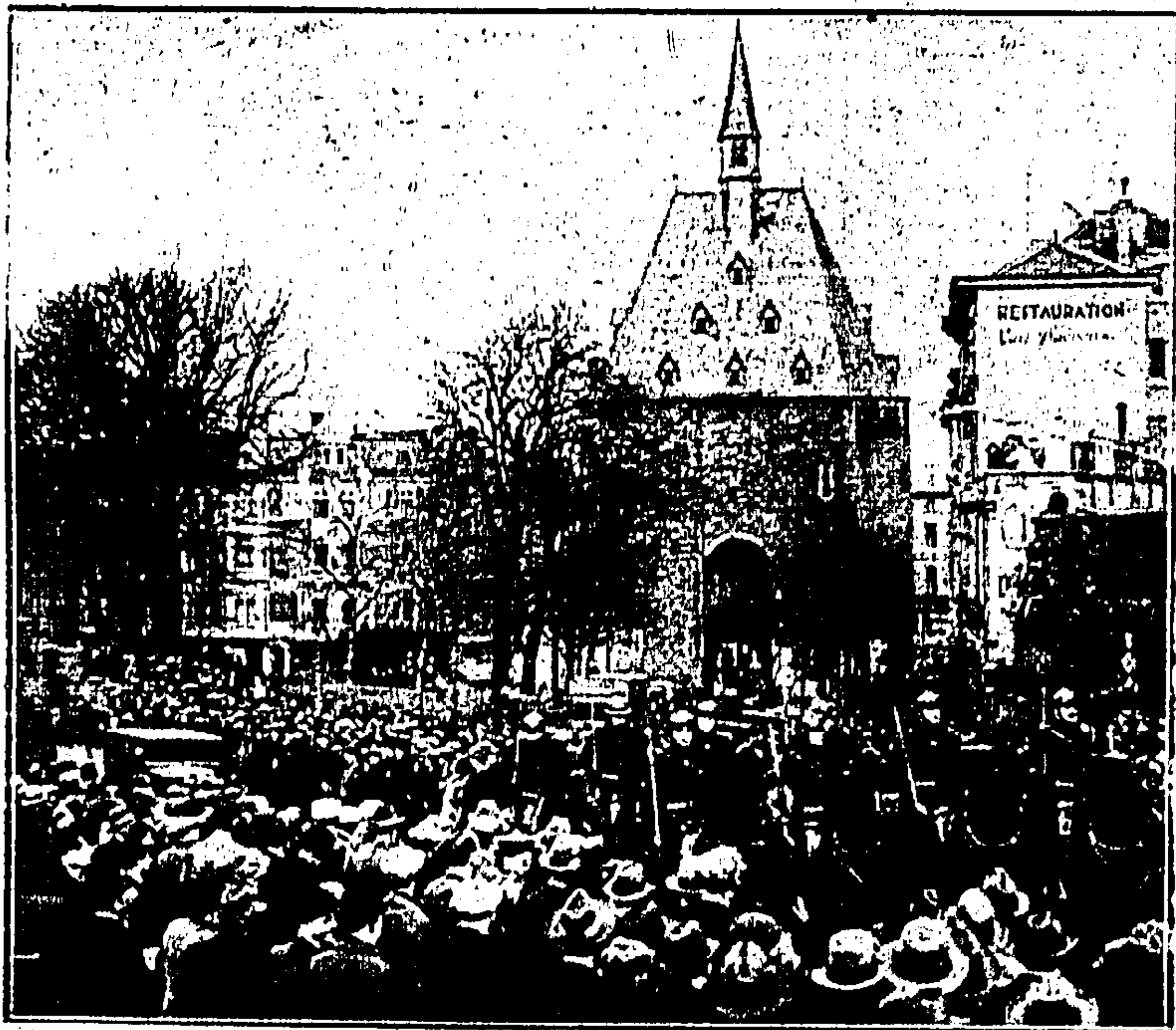
By Small



Teething troubles
Because SCOTT'S Emulsion contains 14% of pure cod liver oil and lime salts for bone formation, it prevents teething troubles, rickets and soft bones. Ask for genuine SCOTT'S EMULSION.



Gales, accompanied by an abnormal rainfall, have been the outstanding feature of the weather this November, and from many parts of the coast have come reports of heavy seas, with stories of damage and shipwreck. Our beautiful seascape, typifying a wild November day, was obtained by a staff photographer of *The Times*. It shows huge waves dashing on the rocks just beyond Lizard Head, the southernmost point of the English coast. The height of the waves can be gauged by the solitary figure seen on the rocks to the right of the picture. (*Times* copyright).



Lieutenant-General Poulour (Commanding the Belgian Army of Occupation), escorted by Belgian mounted police, leaving Aix-la-Chapelle in his motor-car for the frontier. In the background is the Marché aux Herbes, one of the old gates of the town. (*Times* copyright).



A charming picture of "Young Buddy," a sturdy five-year-old youngster, the son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Adams, of Shanghai.



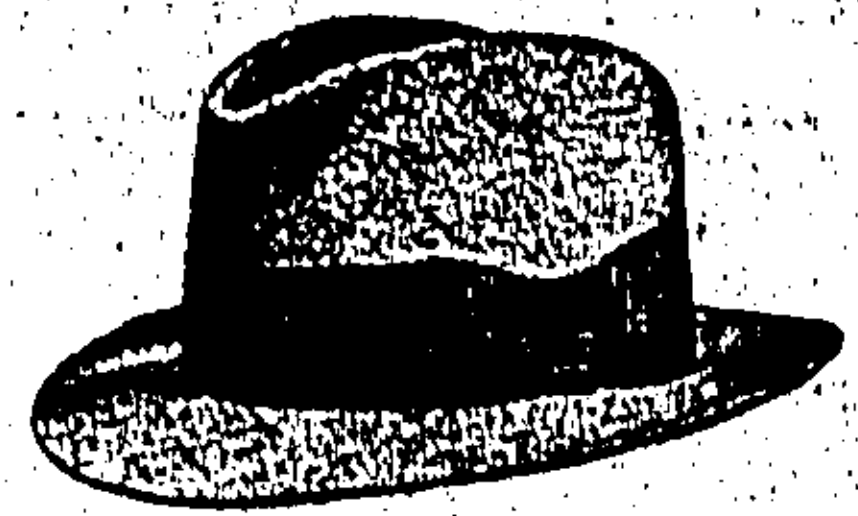
December in England was a month of heavy rainfall and floods and in many parts of the country extensive areas were under water. Our picture shows the flooded Ouse Valley above Lows. The London to Eastbourne railway line runs across the centre of the picture, and in the background are the South Downs. (*Times* copyright).

SPECIAL OFFER

of Soft Felt Hats

— JANUARY 6th to 11th. —

Henry
Heath



Ritz
Scott

Snap brims and bound edge in all Colours.

\$9.50 each net.

Chamois, Suede and Tan Cape Gloves.
all at **\$4.50** per pair net

Mackintosh's

THE NAVY'S CHOICE

Coates
ORIGINAL

PLYMOUTH GIN

OBTAINABLE.

EVERYWHERE.

DEATH DUTIES

Avoid difficulty and delay to your dependents
after your death by effecting a special

ESTATE DUTY POLICY

with

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD.

write on phone for particulars

LIFE ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

Hongkong Bank Building, 4a Des Voeux Road Central.
Tel. C. 1122

Sales and Service on
Building Materials and
Sanitary appliances

Prices Competitive

ENQUIRIES SOLICITED

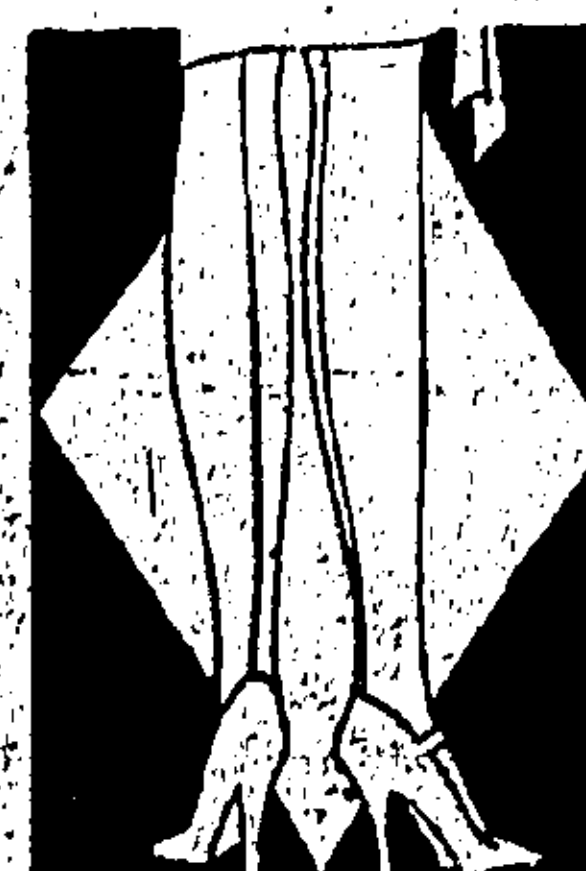
GAY KEE

David House, Des Voeux Road, Central.

Whiteaways

"ARISTOC" HOSE

The Aristocrat of Silk Stockings.



Exquisitely soft, pure silk stockings of alluring daintiness; so finely knitted so delicately fashioned that not a wrinkle mars their smoothness. Stockings with personality, delicate yet compelling in their very simplicity of line and design, pure silk stockings—miracles of silky loveliness.

Aristoc hosiery is a British product that has achieved ultimate perfection in hosiery; perfection in appearance—in texture—in wear and in sheer silky charm, hosiery that is known all over the world to be the finest obtainable; on the Riviera—at Cannes, Cannes, or New York—women of distinction are wearing Aristoc stockings, with the graceful Pointed Heel.

NEW SHADES.

GUN METAL
FRENCH NUDE
GRAIN
TOURTELLERIE

\$8.50

WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & Co., Ltd.

TO-DAY'S WANTS

25 WORDS—ONE DOLLAR

(\$1.50 IF NOT PREPAID)

The following replies have been received:—

544, 646, 547, 550, 555, 566, 592, 595, 598

PERSONAL

MRS. DRAPER "Buddy" and "Lolly" arrived Hongkong. Please call at 120, Whitefield Road, Causeway Bay. Please call. Urgent.

FOR SALE.

Offers invited for DESIRABLE RESIDENCE in Peak District (near Motor Road). Furnished or unfurnished; Modern Sanitation; Four Large Rooms with Enclosed Verandahs. Two Bathrooms, Pantry, Drying Room, etc., etc. Write:—Box No. 564, care of "Hongkong Telegraph."

PIANO.—Practically New. Iron Frame \$250 or nearest offer. Apply Trumper, 13, E. Block Victoria Barracks Hongkong.

TO BE SOLD.—No. 7 Stewart Terrace, 270 Peak.—on Motor Road.—Five roomed house with modern sanitation, good drying room, large basement, detached servants quarters, garden. Apply F. A. Mackintosh.

PREMISES TO LET.

OFFICE TO LET.—Des Voeux Road Central comprising spacious general office and two private offices. Apply DENISON RAM & CO., 8A, Des Voeux Road Central.

TO LET.—Unfurnished house at Felix Villas. Modern Sanitation, garage. Reasonable rental. Apply:—The Hongkong Land Investment & Agency Co., Ltd.

TO LET.—No. 1, Argyle Street, Homantin, as from 1st February, 1930, with or without Furniture. Apply to Mrs. Assumpcao, No. 5, Peace Avenue, Homantin.

TO LET.—Office Rooms, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building. Apply to Sung Kee, same Building.

Office (2 Rooms) to be let from 1st January, 1930, in Hongkong Club (Annex). Apply Secretary, Hongkong Club.

NOTICE.

The undermentioned Cargo has been lying at Messrs. Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, undelivered, and unless delivery is taken or claimed on or before 31st January, 1930, Consignees and/or others interested therein are hereby notified that same will be sold by Public Auction to defray storage and other charges due.

Bill of Lading.	Mark & Numbers.	Description of cargo.	Ex S.S.
Antwerp, No. 1	W	10 Cases Window Glass	"City of Tokio" arrived 16.7.29
" " " "	Hongkong	2 " " " "	" "
No. 2	"	0 pkgs. Diamonded Trucks	do
" " " "	"	1 " " " "	do
No. 4	"	1 White 340 Piece Rails	do
" " " "	"	162 Bundles Fish Plate	do
" " " "	"	3 Cases Cramps	do
" " " "	"	24 B-g Bolts	do

THE BANK LINE LIMITED,
Hongkong.

Hongkong, 31st December, 1929.



AT THE QUEEN'S
COMMENCING
"TO-MORROW"
The Picture for Every
Member of the FAMILY.

DOLORES DEL RIO in "Evangeline"

HORLICK'S
IS ALWAYS SERVED

when MALTED MILK is asked for,"
says the management of Lane, Crawford's Cafe—"We keep no other."

This we may say is general amongst
all high-class caterers; who pride
themselves upon serving "THE
BEST, NOT THE CHEAPEST."

New Advertisements

NOTICE.

We, herewith beg to announce that as from January 31st 1930, Mr. Eduard Michalsen, Tsingtao, has been admitted a partner in our firm.

MELCHERS & CO.
Hongkong, 8th January, 1930...

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.
From MIDDLESBRO, ANTWERP, LONDON, STRAITS and MANILA.

The Steamship "BENVENUE"
Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of The Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 14th inst., will be subject to rent. All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 28th inst., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 13th inst., at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Goddard and Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents.
Hongkong, 7th January, 1930.

MASSEUR R. SHIMIDZU.
MASSEUSE S. HONDA.
MASSEUSE S. KISAKI.

Recommended for many years by Government Civil Hospital, Peak Hospital, etc., and at the local doctors.
24, Wyndham Street, Tel. C.4945.

"PEAK MANSIONS."

SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation.
Five-Roomed and Six-Roomed APARTMENTS,
with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two lifts.
Apply to—
CREAT FONCIER
D'EXTREME-ORIENT.

MASSAGE HALL
MRS. S. UZUNOYE

Expert Masseuse
87, Queen's Road C., 2nd floor.

COMMENCING TO-MORROW.



Richard Barthelmey
The PATENT LEATHER KID

AT THE MAJESTIC
Nathan Road, Kowloon.

A First National
Super-special Picture
Showing for FIRST TIME in Hongkong

LONDON STATUE TO FOCH.

London, Jan. 7.
The Prince of Wales has consented, if circumstances permit, to unveil the London statue to Marshal Foch, which will be erected on a site near Victoria, and will be ready in May.—British Wireless.

LAMMERT'S AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on Thursday, the 9th January, 1930, commencing at 2.30 p.m. at their Sales Room, Duddell Street,

A Large Quantity of Valuable Household and Office Furniture, comprising:—
Teak Hatstands with Mirrors, Tapestry Covered Couches and Arm Chairs, Glass Cabinets, Tinted Carpets, Pianos, Gramophones, A. J. S. Motor Cycle, Gramophones and Records, Typewriters, Radio Sets, Radiators, Pictures, Curios, Ornaments, Wardrobe Trunks, Rugs, etc., etc.

Teak Dining Tables, Dining Chairs, Dinner Waggon, Sideboards with Bevelled Mirrors, White Frost Refrigerators, Ice Chests, Dinner Crockery, Glass Ware, Kitchen Utensils, etc., etc.
Teak, Iron and Brass Bedsteads with Mattresses, Wardrobes, Chests of Drawers, Dressing Tables, Chamber Stands, Washstands, Toilet Sets, Blankets, etc., etc.

and
A Quantity of Blackwood Furniture.
On View from Wednesday, the 8th January, 1930.

Catalogues will be issued.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on Thursday, the 9th January, 1930, commencing at 3 o'clock p.m. at their Sales Room, Duddell Street,
One Motor and Geyon Motor Cycle, 1929 model,
Super sports 350 C. C.
O. V. H. Twin Port.
Perfect Condition.

Brand New Appearance.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

on FRIDAY, the 10th January, 1930, commencing at 11 a.m. at No. 8 Granville Road (Second Floor).
A Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture.

Catalogue will be issued.
On view from Thursday, the 9th January, 1930, (from 10 a.m.).

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.
Hongkong, Jan. 3, 1930.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG
ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

ACTION NO. 8 OF 1928.

BETWEEN
TAK ON TONG alias CHEUNG TAK ON

Plaintiff

AND
THE CHING SHAN BRICKS MANUFACTURING CO. LAI HIN MAN and TSOI PO TIN

Defendants.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE

of the
First Defendants' valuable leasehold properties situate at The New Territories in the Colony of Hong Kong.

And known as
Lots Nos. 373B, 375B, 376, 377, 380, 382, 516, 517 and 520 in Demarcation District No. 131 in New Territories in the Colony of Hong Kong

To be sold by Order of the Court made in the above action

by
PUBLIC AUCTION

IN ONE LOT
on Friday,

the 10th day of January, 1930,
at 3 o'clock in the afternoon,

by
MESSRS. LAMMERT BROTHERS,

Auctioneers,
at their Sales Room,
No. 5, Duddell Street.

The properties consist of:—
All those pieces or parcels of ground situate lying and being at the New Territories aforesaid and known and registered in the District Office (North) Tai Po, New Territories aforesaid as Lots Nos. 373B, 375B, 376, 377, 380, 382, 516, 517 and 520 in Demarcation District No. 131 in New Territories aforesaid together with the messuages, erections and buildings thereon. The properties are sold for the residues of the terms of years created by the Crown Leases thereof.

For further particulars apply to:—

MESSRS. LO and LO,
Vender's Solicitors

or to
MESSRS. LAMMERT BROTHERS,

Auctioneers,
No. 5, Duddell Street.

Dated the 3rd day of January, 1930.

PAMELA

13, Queen's Road, Central.

We wish to inform our clients that MADAME FLINT has joined the staff of the above firm. MADAME FLINT has just arrived from Paris with a large assortment of the latest models as well as materials and garnitures greatly in vogue in Paris at the present time. Customers who study elegance will find every requisite in this well-known establishment.

DRESSMAKING & MILLINERY

This will be attended to as a special department, at reasonable charge, with smartest cut and style guaranteed.

SPECIAL LINE

Hats to be sold from \$8.50

The above which have arrived are in addition to the new goods which are arriving for Pamela by every mail.

PAMELA

13, Queen's Road, Central.

FRESH
CHERRIES.

We have just received a limited quantity

of

AUSTRALIAN

"BLACKHEART CHERRIES."

PACKED IN BASKETS

1½ lbs. net \$1.75

PLACE YOUR ORDERS AT ONCE TO
AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT.

CALIFORNIAN
CABBAGE

per lb. 20 cts.

GRAPE FRUIT

each 50 cts.

Lane, Crawford, Ltd.
GROCERY DEPT.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Date and Time
Shanghai and Amoy	Benvenue	Wed., Jan. 8, 3.30 p.m.
Straits	Kong Ning	Wed., Jan. 8, 4 p.m.
Japan and Shanghai	Menado Maru	Thurs., Jan. 9, 8.30 a.m.
London parcels, 6th Dec. & Straits	Talamba	Thurs., Jan. 9, 12.30 p.m.
Europe via Negapatam (Letters and Papers), London 12th December 1929)	Parcels	Thurs., Jan. 9, 12.30 p.m.
U.S.A. (San Francisco 13th Dec. 1929), Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Letters	Thurs., Jan. 9, 2 p.m.
Manila	Hal Ning	Thurs., Jan. 9, 2.30 p.m.
Canada (Victoria 21st Dec., 1929), Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Hydrangea	Thurs., Jan. 9, 2.30 p.m.
U.S.A. (San Francisco 22nd Dec. 1929), Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Hinsang	Fri., Jan. 10, 10.30 a.m.
U.S.A. (San Francisco 13th Dec. 1929), Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai	Kidderpore	Fri., Jan. 10, 2.30 p.m.
Japan and Shanghai	G. G. Merlin	Fri., Jan. 10, 5 p.m.
Japan and Shanghai	Khiva	Jan. 11
	President Polk	January 11
	Pres. Jackson	January 12
	Emp. of Russia	January 13
	President Taft	January 13
	Korea Maru	January 13
	Angers	January 14
	Khiva	January 17

OUTWARD MAILS.

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 6 p.m. on the previous day.

For	Per	Date and Time
Formosa	Benvenue	Wed., Jan. 8, 3.30 p.m.
Sam Shui and Wuchow	Kong Ning	Wed., Jan. 8, 4 p.m.
Hoihow, Pakhoi and Halphong	Menado Maru	Thurs., Jan. 9, 8.30 a.m.
Straits and Calcutta	Talamba	Thurs., Jan. 9, 12.30 p.m.
	Parcels	Thurs., Jan. 9, 12.30 p.m.
Amoy and Poochow via Swatow	Hal Ning	Thurs., Jan. 9, 2 p.m.
Swatow	Hydrangea	Thurs., Jan. 9, 2.30 p.m.
Sandakan	Hinsang	Fri., Jan. 10, 10.30 a.m.
Japan and Europe via Siberia	Kidderpore	Fri., Jan. 10, 2.30 p.m.
Halphong and Tourane	G. G. Merlin	Fri., Jan. 10, 5 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Fushimi Maru	Sat., Jan. 11, 4.30 p.m.
	Registration	Jan. 10, 4.30 p.m.
	Letters	Jan. 11, 9 a.m.
	G. P. O.	" "
	Registration	Jan. 11, 8.45 a.m.
	Letters	Jan. 11, 9.30 a.m.
	(Due Marseilles 9th February)	" "
Manila	Pres. Polk	Sat., Jan. 11, 5 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Hozan Maru	Sun., Jan. 12, 9 a.m.
Hoihow and Bangkok	Chinhua	Sun., Jan. 12, 9 a.m.
Manila	Empress of Russia	Mon., Jan. 13, 3.30 p.m.
Swatow and Amoy	Antong	Mon., Jan. 13, 3.30 p.m.
Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A., Canada, Central and South America and Europe via San Francisco	Pres. Jackson	Mon., Jan. 13, 5 p.m.
	Parcels	" "
	Registration	Jan. 13, 4.15 p.m.
	Letters	Jan. 13, 5 p.m.
	(Due San Francisco 6th February)	" "
Shanghai and Europe via Siberia	Pres. Jackson	Mon., Jan. 13, 5 p.m.
	Registration	Jan. 13, 5 p.m.
	Letters	Jan. 13, 6 p.m.
Waihaiwei	Kuochow	Tues., Jan. 14, 8.30 a.m.
Shanghai and Japan	Mishima Maru	Tues., Jan. 14, 8.30 a.m.
Manila, Australia and New Zealand via Thursday Island	Talping	Tues., Jan. 14, 5 p.m.
	Parcels	Mon., 13th, 5 p.m.
	Reg.	Tues., 14th, 9.45 a.m.
	Letters	Tues., 14th, 10.30 a.m.
	(Due Thursday Island 25th Jan.)	" "
Hoihow	Kwei Yang	Tues., Jan. 14, 12.30 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Poochow	Haiyang	Tues., Jan. 14, 1 p.m.
Saigon, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles	Angers	Tues., Jan. 14, 4.30 p.m.
	K.P.O.	" "
	Registration	Jan. 14, 1 p.m.
	Letters	Jan. 14, 1 p.m.
	G.P.O.	" "
	Registration	Jan. 14, 1.45 p.m.
	Letters	Jan. 14, 2.30 p.m.
	(Due Marseilles 14th February)	" "
Manila	President Taft	Tues., Jan. 14, 4.30 p.m.
Swatow	Foo Shing	Tues., Jan. 14, 5 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central and South America and Europe via Vancouver B.C. and Europe via Siberia	Empress of Canada	Wed., Jan. 15, 5 p.m.
	Parcels	Jan. 14, 5 p.m.
	Registration	Jan. 14, 5.15 p.m.
	Letters	Jan. 14, 5.45 p.m.
	(Due Vancouver B.C. 1st January)	" "

*Superscribed Correspondence only.

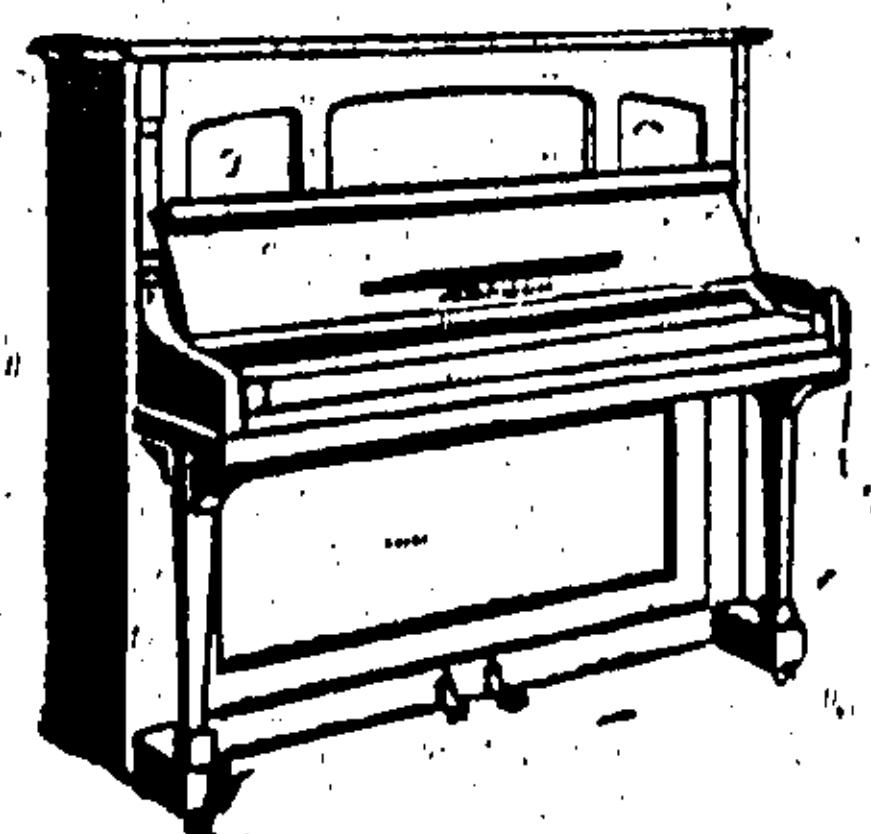


"In Perfect Trim."

Athletes of both sexes appreciate the merits of Pinkettes because these dainty little regulators help keep them "in perfect trim."

Do you seek to be freed from constipation, sick headaches, bilious attacks, liverishness, unpleasant breath, pimply skin? Let Pinkettes, laxative perfection, obtainable from chemists everywhere at 60 cents per vial.—make you well and keep you well.

The MORRISON PIANO.



STANDS ALONE FOR PLEASURE PLAYING AND EDUCATING

and will fulfil these requirements because it is built for those purposes. Guaranteed for TEN YEARS.

CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS ARRANGED.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY.

8, Des Vœux Road Central (Entrance Ice House Street) Telephone C. 4648.

TIENTSIN CARPETS

Special Show at **CHELLARAM'S** OPPOSITE HONGKONG HOTEL.

PRICES MODERATE

REPARATIONS ISSUE.

GERMANS OBJECT TO THE DATE OF PAYMENT.

London, Jan. 7. At the adjourned Reparations Conference at the Hague, yesterday, the Ministers of the six inviting Powers discussed inconclusively the question of the date on which German payments under the Young Plan should be made.

A proposal of creditor Powers that payments should be made on the 15th of each month was resisted by the German delegates, who claimed they had assumed payment would be made at the end of each month. The newspapers state that the Germans protested that earlier payments would involve them in a loss of interest amounting in a year to five million marks, whereas the creditor Powers declared that the Paris expert calculations had been based on payments on the 15th, and the August session of the conference had reckoned upon payments on that date. If the German contention were accepted, the creditor Powers would lose this interest.

More time to study the details of the proposed plan of payments was asked for by the German delegates, and the discussion will be resumed on Thursday.

The British delegates remark that the raising of questions of a default are unnecessary, but the matter was discussed as between the French and the Germans during the afternoon, and the French delegation will today present a proposal embodying their ideas of a solution.

The non-German Reparation Committee, after hearing statements in regard to the Austrian and Bulgarian cases by representatives of Austria, Czechoslovakia, Roumania, Poland and Bulgaria, appointed a drafting committee to work on proposals for effecting certain modifications in the scheme of payments.—*British Wireless.*

ENGLISH SINGERS.

COMING TO HONGKONG NEXT MONTH.

Flora Mann, Nellie Carson, Lilian Berger, Norman Stone, Norman Nottley and Cuthbert Kelly, constituting The English Singers of London, will appear in a short season of recitals here in February. Brought together by a common taste for old English vocal music, they have made a particular study of the work of the madrigalists of all countries and it is in polyphonic music of this type that their greatest successes have been attained.

These madrigals, motets, ballads, folk songs and canzonets have been a valley of dry bone for centuries and it took a real prophet to make them live again. Moreover, it required the highest art, joined with expert knowledge, to accomplish that aim.

This sextet of musicians from London are adepts in choral work and have sung much on the Continent, in America as well as in England. They have adopted the unfamiliar habit of singing seated at ease around a table after the manner of those for whom the madrigals were written 350 years ago. Audiences everywhere have succumbed completely to the charm of the music as presented by this distinguished company of vocalists.

The English Singers represent the last word in part-singing and as such, may be enjoyed to the full by the discriminating musician as well as by the lay listener.

They will commence their season here at the Theatre Royal on Friday, 14th February. Booking will open at Moutrie's on Monday, 3rd February.

INDIA OFFICE POST.

London, Jan. 7. The Secretary for India has appointed General Sir Alexander Cobbe to succeed Field Marshal Sir Claude Jacob, as Military Secretary, India Office, when Sir Claude Jacob vacates his appointment on May 9.—*British Wireless.*

WOMAN'S WORLD

FOR OUR LADY READERS.

Secrets of the Hands.

CHARACTER READING QUITE EASY.

Gypsies anywhere will read your palm if you cross their hand with silver. The reading of other people's characters, however, is quite easy with but a little knowledge.

The shape and movement of the hands is often a surer indication of character than the voice or manner. A woman's hands will give away more secrets than her lips. It is often impossible to tell a woman's age by her face, but a glance at her hands will sometimes tell you more than perhaps she would desire. With age the skin becomes loose and the texture of the surface suffers—this is impossible to hide. Not only will the skin on the hands tell you something of the personality, but the shape and movement of the fingers will shed light on character.

Thumbs and little fingers are worth studying. A short top joint in the thumb denotes a narrow but sentimental mind, like that rather of a hardheaded but obstinate business man who is devoted to his wife. The thumb being slightly thinner between the joints is a good sign, but if it is very thin, egotism must be expected. Likewise if it remains straight it indicates ignorance.

The little finger indicates culture, a crooked little finger denoting arrested development and lack of cultivation. Artistic appreciation can be seen if the first and third fingers are well coated with flesh on the underside.

Too rounded finger-nails and tapering fingers show nervous temperament, but a person with short, stubby finger-ends will be less intelligent than one whose fingers taper.

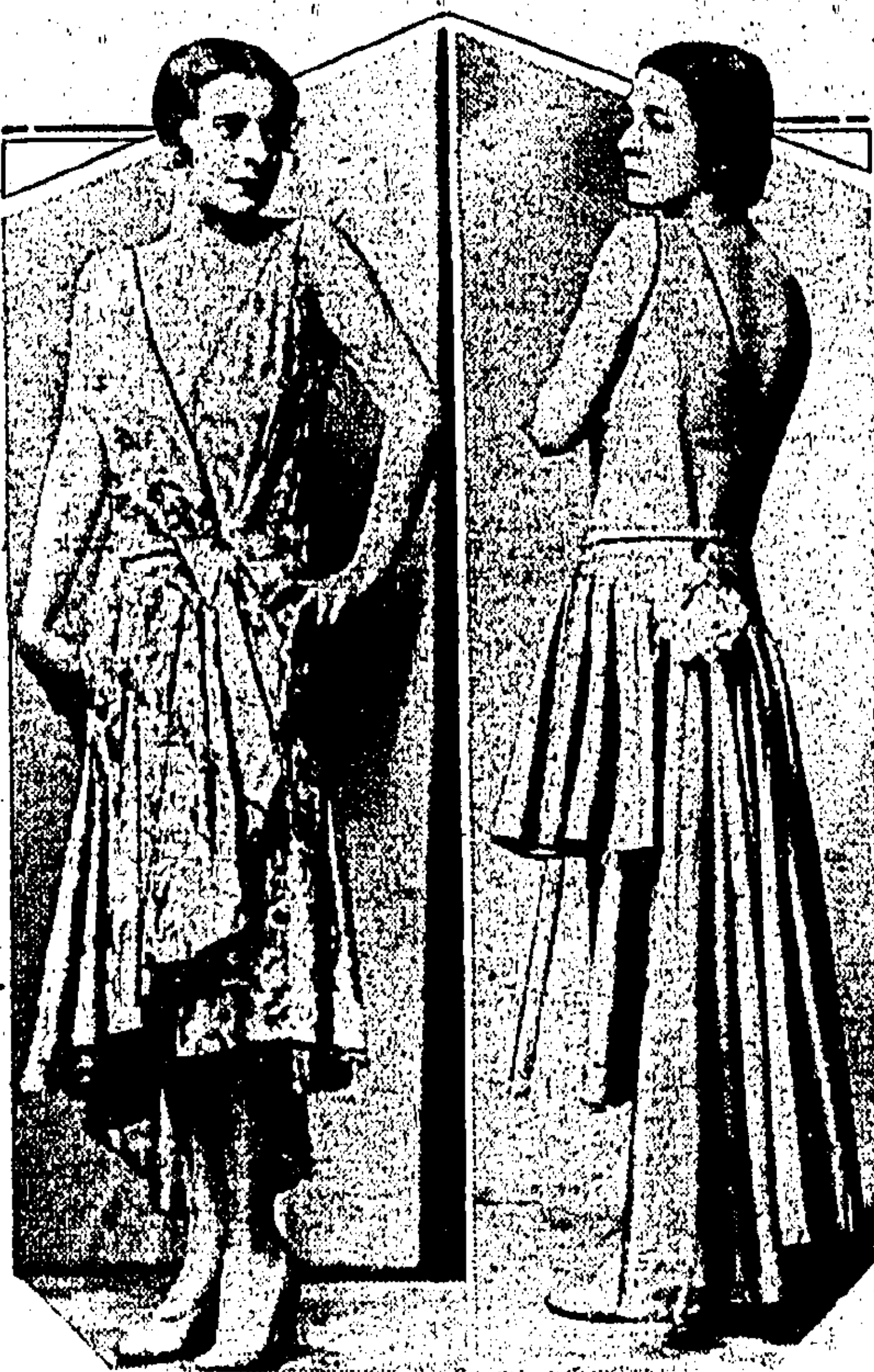
All young men should look for the palm that is much narrower at the base of the fingers than nearer the wrist. This is the mother hand, and denotes a home-loving person. The ambitious hand, however, is the exact opposite, and the back is marked by blue veins.

The study of hands often shows the calling of the owner. The pianist's hands are long and thin like those of many artistic people. A violinist can always be distinguished, the constant stopping of strings marking his left hand in an unmistakable fashion. Surgeons are supposed to have long, thin fingers, but this is not so—they are often stubby and ordinary, but the whole hand looks quick and virile.

The "moulder of pottery" has need of quick, light hands, and the thumb is the most used digit on his hand. Women potters are hard to find, but they are said to have the most beautiful hands in the world.



A charming evening cap of brown tulle has a coronet brim of strung pearls.



There's grace and young beauty in the fitted bodice and the flaring double-tiered skirt of the hydrangea blue moire frock shown at the right. A lone flower adorns the dress at the right side of the back instead of the front. A modified princess line gives the dash of youth to the flowered tulle frock in rose tones pictured at the left. Its wrap-around skirt is cut to fall diagonally across the front.

Wise Ways to Beauty.

[By Anne Moresby.]

If we could all lead perfectly healthy lives, with enough mental work to keep our minds alert, enough physical exercise to keep our bodies fit, and no worry, the beauty specialists would have a much poorer time.

Poorer, yes, but not necessarily impoverished.

One may be perfectly well and exceedingly happy, and yet conscious, that one's skin or one's facial muscles, one's hair, or one's carriage falls short of excellence.

On the other hand, the very many people who are neither so well nor so cheerful as they would like to be, usually find far more marked reasons for objecting to their appearance.

The Logical Result.

In both these cases a visit to a reliable beauty specialist can prove to be the beginning of infinitely better things. This has nothing to do with miracles or magic. It is merely the logical result of expert knowledge.

Few of us have the time or the desire to study the ills to which the skin, the hair, and the facial muscles are liable, or the remedies which put them right. The responsible beauty specialist makes it her business to do so.

She has learnt to differentiate between the many varieties of skin

and their varying needs, and knows when her clients' troubles are beyond her scope and should have medical attention.

Several of the best beauty specialists are as insistent upon general physical culture as upon the needs of the face alone; they have experts who will teach the best exercises for individual cases. Also—which is just as important—they will see that the "cases" perform them.

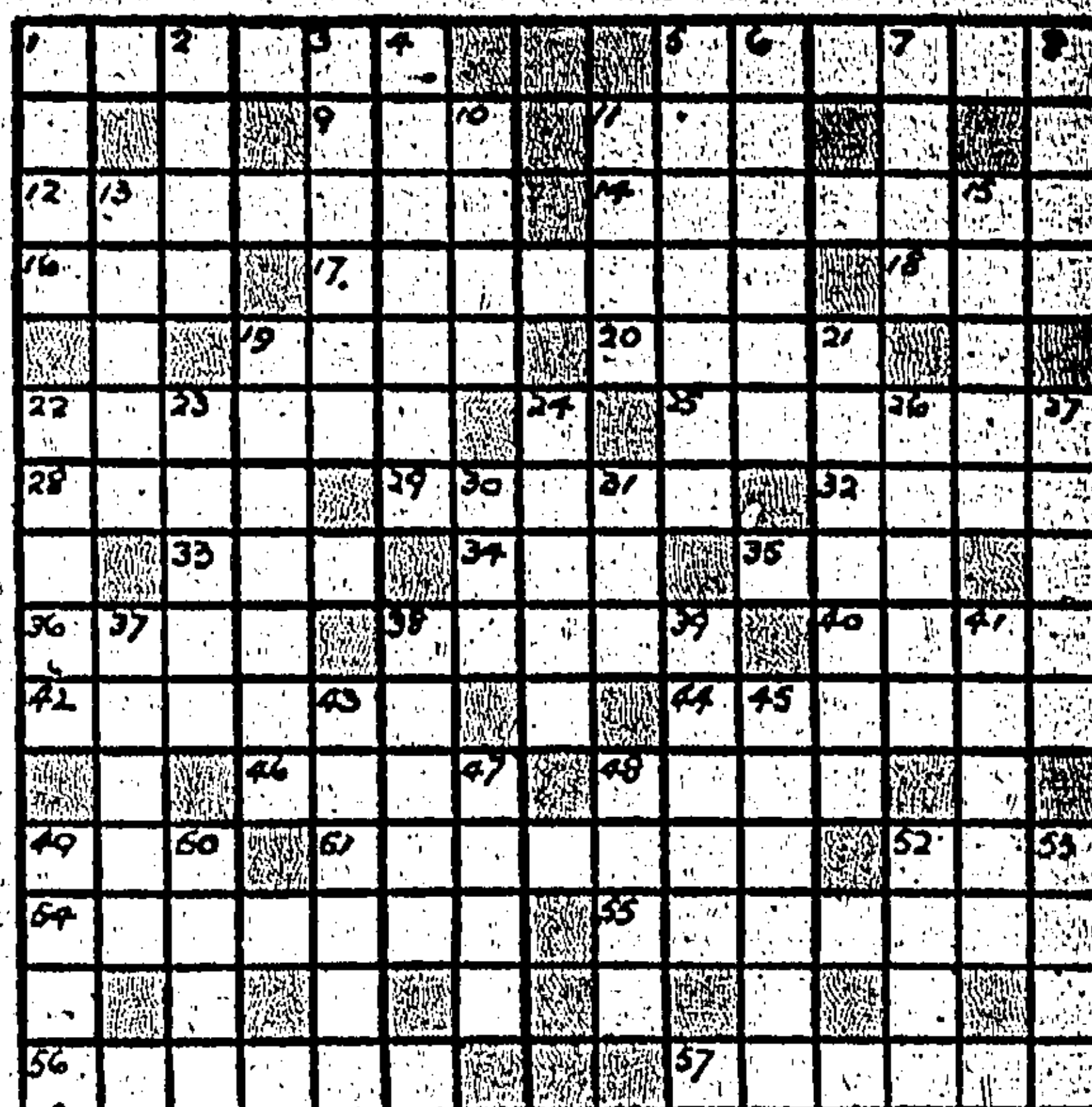
Care of the Skin.

After the very early twenties every skin needs a nourishing cream to feed the tissues and keep the texture smooth. This is especially important in these days, when hard work and strenuous play are so commonly indulged in. The atmosphere of cities, the dust of the roads, and the effect of constant exposure to sun and wind, levy heavy tolls upon the skin which is not kept meticulously clean, sufficiently nourished, and dully toned up after exertion.

Everyone cannot afford to make a constant habit of beauty treatments, but most people can afford to have at least one. This is very well worth doing.

Apart from the immediate benefits of which one is conscious after a very thorough cleansing and toning of the skin and bracing of the muscles, apart from the rest and the feeling of refreshment which a beauty treatment also provides, one can, by watching the methods and motions of the expert attendant, learn a great deal about the daily care of one's own face, and therefore increase the value of such preparations as one chooses to use.

OUR NEW BRITISH CROSSWORDS



Across
1 Die.
5 Cold.
9 Organ of hearing.
11 Fasten.
12 Ghost.
14 Assign.
16 Concealed.
17 Walk carelessly.
18 Bend.
19 Successor.
20 Lye of soap and water.
22 Affectedly modest.
25 Reefing-jacket.
26 Ireland.
29 Weapon.
32 Musical term.
33 Brother.
34 Cry like a dove.
35 Tright.
36 Roving journey.
38 Twilled worsted cloth.
40 Advice.
42 Mute.
44 Went round.
46 Clock face.
48 Keep off.
49 Opposite to weather.
51 Obliteration.
52 Unit in cards.
54 Habituate.
56 One who quits work.
58 Gratify.
59 Wild animals.

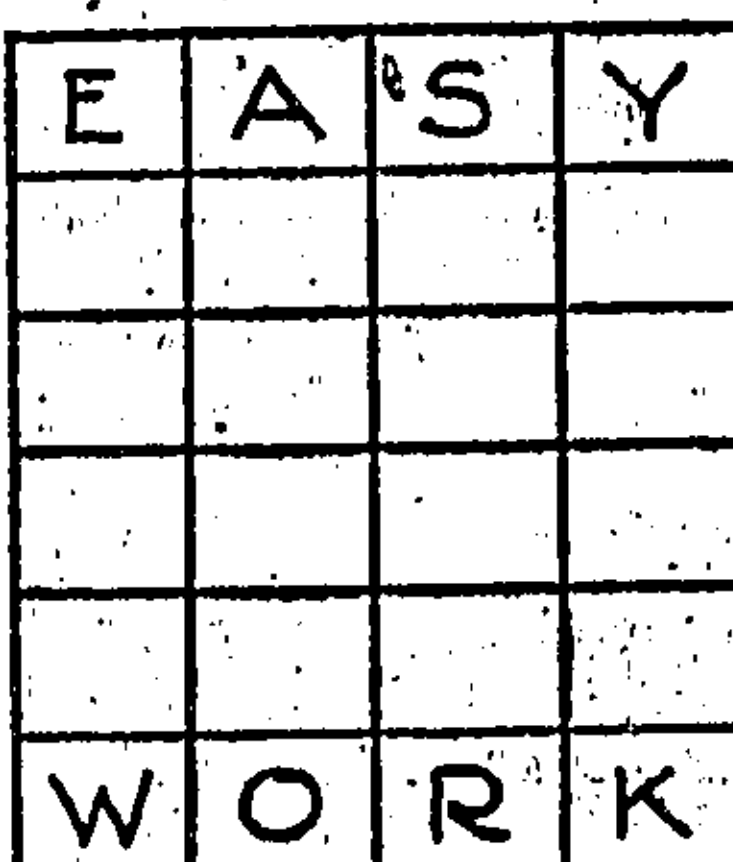
Down
10 Breed.
11 Pats gently.
13 Bagpipe.
15 Fought.
19 Number.
21 Protected.
22 Marks made by blows.
23 Cats cry.
24 Before in time.
26 Greenroom.
27 Talked enthusiastically.
29 Trees.
31 Piece of timber.
37 Lubricated.
38 Commence.
39 Overturn.
41 Perdition.
43 Brothers' children.
46 Vigour.
47 The whip.
48 Bother.
49 Light contrivance.
50 Margin.
52 Related by blood.
53 Goes astray.

Yesterday's Solution.

KINK EPOCH SWAN
INANE O H GULE
SAVE TOPIC CREW
SPEAKER CONCERT
T DIN ROE T
S FETED BATED G
HEAD TOTAL DUAL
O R N R
CLAMP MOTOR SCUD
N SOMER NOBLE E
V RAY TOE U
WARTYRS MOANING
ALEE EAGER DODO
SUNG S N METER
SENT SHRUG RARE

LETTER GOLF.

At first glance, to-day's letter golf looks like EASY WORK. It's not so easy, however.



1.—The idea of letter golf is to change one word to another and do it in par, a given number of strokes. Thus to change COW to HEN, in three strokes, COW, HOW, HEW, HEN.
2.—You can change only one letter at a time.
3.—You must have a complete word, of common usage, for each jump. Slang words and abbreviations don't count.
4.—The order of letters cannot be changed.
One solution is printed on another page.

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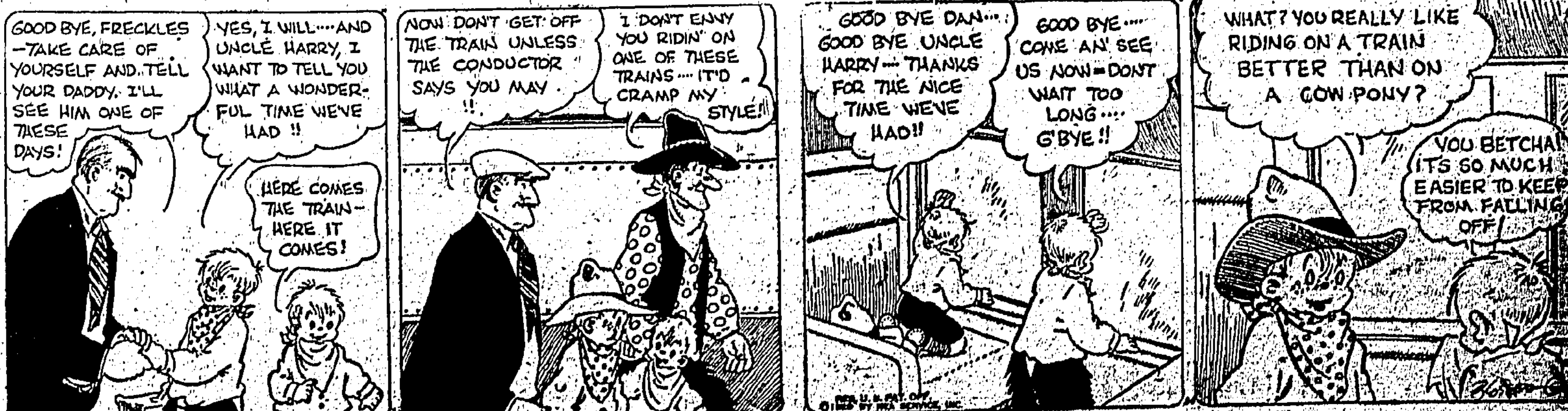
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Thoughts of you

B-3202 Oh Maggie, what have you been up to?
I've got a man.

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Peter Dawson
Wish Wynne

Reginald Foort
Arthur Meale
Etc., etc., etc.

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THE WORLD.

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HONG KONG & S. CHINA

The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEDNESDAY JANUARY 8, 1930.

THE DOLLAR.

Shanghai's concern over the slump in the exchange value of the tael is no greater than that of Hongkong at the continued drop in the rate of the local dollar. We have now reached a point at which it looks as if our dollar, reckoned in terms of sterling, will fall to a lower level than has ever been experienced before. Even as matters are, we have to go back more than a quarter of a century to find a rate as adverse as that of yesterday, which, it is interesting to note, is only about a farthing above the Colony's record low rate. Financial circles predict that the bottom had not even yet been reached; if that be borne out by future developments, the Colony would appear to be in for a very lean time.

Our own problems and those of Shanghai are admittedly not quite on all fours; many varying factors contribute to the difference. None the less, we do seem to have reached a stage in which we have this much in common—a real anxiety regarding exchange tendencies. As we view the matter, Hongkong is worse off than Shanghai, for the simple reason that we are not producers, whereas Shanghai is; in other words, that we have very little with which to offset the rising costs of imported goods. It is not our intention at the moment to delve into the intricacies of the exchange problem; as we have said before, there are two opposing schools of thought on the question as to whether it pays this Colony to have a high or a low dollar. We do suggest, however, looking at the matter merely from the point of view of the layman, that, up to the present, Hongkong has not profited by the forcing down of its dollar to silver parity. Indeed, we see nothing in the present state of the Colony's trade to cause us to depart from our previously-expressed view that the change has actually been injurious. If it were true that the high dollar was adversely affecting trade, then it should follow as a natural corollary that a low dollar would automatically improve it. Has it done so? We see no evidence of it. Let us take the point further. Even granting, for the sake of argument, that the dollar was too high four months ago, did it follow that the only remedy was to revert to a silver basis? Was no half-way measure possible? It would also be interesting to know whether those responsible for the drop in the dollar favour absolute adherence to silver parity, no mat-

ter to what point exchange may decline. This is a very vital question in view of the debased condition of the white metal, which is rapidly becoming a neglected and despised commodity for currency purposes.

Taking stock of the situation, we cannot but feel that the Colony's greatest need is a stabilised currency. Fluctuations, in whichever direction, are bad. That fact, of itself, seems to us to damn the linking of our dollar with a commodity subject to constant change in intrinsic value. Above all, the present tendency of the dollar must obviously kill what remains of our import trade, put up prices of necessities, cause demands for higher wages, and greatly increase the cost of government, since the continued fall will mean further demands to meet the civil servants' exchange compensation allowances. On striking a balance, therefore, we seem in danger of losing much and gaining little. Finally, we cannot resist the argument which has recently been put forward that there has already been enough tinkering with our currency. The obvious need is to employ the services of an expert to advise the Colony on the best means of coping with the situation. If we can engage experts, as we have done, to advise us on port development and cerebro-spinal meningitis, then surely in such a vital matter as currency, which affects each and every one of us, a like policy should be followed.

Smallpox Treatment.

The attitude of Government medical authorities in the matter of the threatened smallpox epidemic, as revealed by the brief discussion at yesterday's meeting of the Sanitary Board, must on the whole be regarded as satisfactory. No disposition to fall in with Mr. M. K. Lo's well-intentioned but ill-advised suggestions was shown; on the contrary, it was made fairly clear that the Government places no reliance in methods of inducing voluntary notification of smallpox cases, and does not meditate experiments with that end in view. It was pointed out that the only real solution for smallpox epidemics is the vaccination of the population on the widest possible scale. Some slight ambiguity regarding the treatment of patients in their homes was probably unintentional. We should have liked a clear statement on the official standpoint, but it was not forthcoming. It must or should be obvious that mere compliance with the conditions enumerated by the Head of the Sanitary Department is not sufficient to ensure that permission for home treatment will be given. If we are mistaken in this, then the sooner we see the repeal of the Board's resolution, to which we strongly object in principle, permitting treatment in homes, the better. Surely the situation of the premises must be a prime factor. It would be little short of scandals, for instance, if a person sick in an overcrowded tenement house was allowed to remain because the inmates submit themselves to vaccination. Disinfection, which is the most important counter-measure after vaccination, cannot as far as we can see be properly carried out, strangers are probably passing in and out of the house, in fact every law for combating disease would inevitably be set at naught. General disinfection should be carried out on premises as soon as a smallpox case is discovered. Perhaps the M.O.H. will tell us how this can be adequately carried out with a patient in the house. Instead of making conditions easier, the Government would better serve the interests of public health by abolishing home treatment.

The return of the number of cases of notifiable diseases which occurred in the Colony during the week ending January 4 shows the following: Typhoid 4 cases (two Chinese, two non-Chinese); Smallpox 27 cases (all Chinese); and 29 deaths. Diphtheria 2 cases (both Chinese) and 1 death. Influenza one death (Chinese). Malaria 11 deaths (Chinese) and Tuberculosis 46 deaths (Chinese). The record for the 24 hours ending the 6th inst. shows 3 cases (Chinese) of smallpox.

DAY BY DAY.

WHAT IS USEFUL IS BEAUTIFUL.—Socrates.

Five further cases of small-pox were notified yesterday. All were Chinese.

It is advertised that the full express train service between Kowloon and Canton will be resumed to-day.

Mr. Edward Michaelson, of Tsingtao, will be admitted as a partner in the firm of Messrs. Melchers & Co., as from January 31.

The forthcoming wedding is announced of Mr. Lawrence James Griffiths, of the P.W.D., residing at Empress Lodge, Kowloon, to Beatrice Mary Brown, No. 5, Wing Lok Buildings, Kowloon.

Commander H. T. Murphy, whose promotion to his present rank was gazetted some days ago, is to be re-appointed to H.M.S. Kent on promotion. The Commander is attached to the Admiral's staff.

Hanging out some washing on the first floor of 109, Whitfield Road, Chang Yu, a married woman aged 28, overbalanced and fell on to the road beneath. She injured her spine and is now receiving treatment in the Government Civil Hospital.

A misfire during blasting operations at Boundary Street, Shamshui, yesterday evening, caused in Cheung, a stone-breaker aged 30, to be seriously injured in the head and neck. He was taken to the Kowloon Hospital and detained, his condition giving some rise to anxiety.

Among the passengers on board the Empress of Russia due to arrive at Hongkong on the 13th instant are Mr. George Hogg, Manager, National City Bank, Shanghai, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Burgess. Mr. Burgess is Superintendent Engineer of the C. P. S.S. Ltd., at Vancouver.

The police at Central Headquarters have in their possession a sum of English money, which has been brought to them by Hongwing, a shop coolie in Pedder Street, who discovered it after it had apparently been left there by a customer. The money can be claimed for at the Central Police Station.

Mr. J. A. Gaunt, B.A., who was recently appointed to the staff of St. Stephen's College, Stanley, has been elected to a Fellowship at Trinity College, Cambridge. Mr. Gaunt was educated at Rugby School and Trinity, where he obtained 1st Class Honours in Mathematics last year. He is expected at St. Stephen's in February.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Richard Feetham, C.M.G., of the Supreme Court of South Africa, who is on his way to Shanghai to act temporarily as an expert adviser to the Shanghai Municipal Council in regard to certain municipal problems arising out of the present political situation, arrived in Hongkong yesterday from South Africa on the Kawachi Maru.

STOLEN DIAMONDS POSSESSION.

MAN WHO FAVOURS TWO SUIT STYLES.

"He is one man by day and another man by night," said Detective Sergeant Mottram, at the Central Police Court this morning, when charging a Chinese with the possession of two diamonds, part of a ladies' ornament, valued at \$200, believed to have been stolen.

The comment was occasioned by the fact that, over his native clothing, the accused was wearing a European suit.

A Chinese detective on duty at a pawnshop in Des Voeux Road Central stated that he questioned the man as he came in to pawn the diamonds. The man then said that the stones belonged to a sister-in-law, who was in Canton. Other evasive replies were received, and after being led upon a wild-goose chase, in an attempt to obtain confirmation of his story, the police now charged him with felonious possession.

A previous conviction for felonious intent was proved against the prisoner, and he was sentenced to four months' hard labour. An order for police confiscation of the diamonds was given by Mr. Grantham.

SHOULD EXTRALITY BE ABOLISHED?

(Continued from Page 1.)

Sauce For the Goose.

Even to-day this strict limitation of foreign movement in the country persists, and the Chinese authorities in declining against inequality forget that whereas their own nationals have quite extraordinary freedom of movement, protection before the law, and liberty of making money and owning property in foreign countries, foreigners in China are hedged about with all manner of restrictions.

The difficulty which a Chinese mandarin felt in earlier years when a case concerning a foreigner came up made it a source of genuine relief that foreign countries should undertake to deal with him. And since the system was substantially confined to the treaty ports, China as a whole was scarcely affected.

That there have been abuses is probable, but less in the jurisdiction exercised over foreigners than in the loose way in which some nations have allowed Chinese and people of other nationalities to acquire foreign nationality and so contract out of responsibilities which they should have borne in China. There is, however, no evidence that these abuses were widespread, while abuses can be rectified.

What Is Extrality?

The question however which the Powers must put clearly to themselves before they assent to the high Nationalist doctrine is what would happen if the system were abolished? and to what extent does it, in fact, infringe Chinese sovereignty as at present administered?

This latter question is less important since, given the revolutionary psychology, it is desirable, whatever justification history may indicate, to abolish it at the first possible moment, in order to remove causes of friction and misunderstanding. To answer the first question it is necessary to examine two points.

What, in brief, is extrality; and how does it work? and What is the present alternative?

[Our contributor seeks an answer to these questions in the second instalment of his article which will appear in the "Telegraph" to-morrow. The third and last instalment will be published on Friday.]

CINEMA NOTES.

"EVANGELINE" BELIEVED BASED ON FACTS.

Edwin Carewe, the well known film director, has completed a screen version of "Evangeline" starring Dolores Del Rio in the title role which will be at the Queen's Theatre to-morrow. The film is a faithful transcription of Henry Wadsworth Longfellow's immortal love epic.

Longfellow was a Professor at Harvard University when he wrote "Evangeline" and because the poet was born and spent his early boyhood in northern Maine, near the Canadian border, many have believed he heard of the deportation of the Acadians in his youth and elaborated on his memory pictures of their trials and romantic adventures when, in later life, he had time for reflection and the command of language to paint a poetic picture of his dreams.

Much of Longfellow's poem is based on historical fact and though his well remembered lines are lyrical narrative only, they do describe much of the sweetness of Acadian life and much of its hardship rather accurately.

However, it is said Longfellow never visited Louisiana in his lifetime and his description of the bayous, the Teche country and the subtropical topography must have been supplied by another.

In the Evangeline country of Louisiana it is said that Judge Voorhes, grandfather of the present Judge James Simon of St. Martinville, told Mr. Longfellow the story of an Emaline La Biche, an Acadian girl, while he was a student at Harvard and that the poet wrote his most celebrated verse around this information.

Whether Emaline La Biche was Evangeline or not is still a mystery. In Louisiana, the Acadian settlers of the Evangeline country pay homage to the memory of Evangeline at an unmarked grave. The poet states that Evangeline lies buried in a churchyard in Philadelphia, where Gabriel is at rest. However, Philadelphiaans say there is no grave-stone to attest this fact and the mystery of Evangeline, like the inspiring Longfellow poem continues to hold the interest of new millions of people with succeeding years.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

KENILWORTH CASTLE REACHES MADEIRA.

Madira, Jan. 7. H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, who is on his way to Cape Town aboard the Kenilworth Castle, arrived at Madira to-day.—Reuter.

The Very Idea!

Thus a writer in a Home paper—A Guildford reader asks me what is the tallest building in London used for commercial purposes, and whether London's tallest can also claim the record for these islands. I understand that the tallest commercial building in London is the new Underground Railway offices at St. James's Park, the top of the tower being some 180 feet above the pavement. With regard to the rest of England I am afraid that I have no data, though I know that there are some very tall buildings at Liverpool. Visitors from New York, of course, regard these as mere bungalows.

A stage carpenter went to the theatre manager one day and asked for an increase in his wages. The manager appeared surprised.

"Why," he exclaimed, "I really don't see my way to giving you a rise! You have nothing much to do. Half the time you are merely standing in the wings listening to the play."

"Yes, sir," replied the carpenter, grimly, "that's just it!"

(Conversation is a dying art because many people do not know what to talk about, we are told.)

When politics are boring, and the weather's been mangled, and 'shop' has been taboo in all directions,

And nothing worth discussion or indictment comes to mind, And we slowly drift to feeble interjections,

We may brighten up proceedings and inspire some repartee, (If we find a kindred soul of that persuasion.)

By the challenging suggestion that, as far as we can see, We're a fearful lot of duds at conversation!

She: "Have you any poor relations?"

He: "Not one that I know."

She: "Have you rich relations?"

He: "Not one that knows me."

An Irish sailor and an Irish stoker were having a private fight, and the crowd they drew stopped the traffic.

"What were you fighting about?" Inquired the Magistrate.

"Ah, just nothing at all, sir," replied John Ryan, the sailor. "It was just a friendly argument."

"You've saved my life and I'd give you \$5, but unfortunately, I have only a \$10 bill."

"Never mind—Jump in the river again."

EXCHANGE RATES.

	London, Jan. 7.
Paris	123.02
Geneva	25.12
Berlin	20.42
Oslø	18.21
Prague	104.4
Athens	375
Buenos Aires	457
Hongkong	1.77
New York	4.87 1/16
Amsterdam	12.08 1/2
Stockholm	18.44 1/2
Venice	34.62 1/2
Madrid	37.47 1/2
Bucharest	813
Bombay	1/5.29/32
Yokohama	2/0.3/16
Brussels	34.98
Milan	108.16
Copenhagen	18.21 1/2
Helsingfors	104
Lisbon	109.8
Rio	5.50/32
Shanghai	1.11 1/2
Silver (spot)	20.11/16
Silver (forward)	20 1/2

—British Wireless.

WHO WAS....

GAMELYN?

The Cook's "Tale of Gamelyn," one of Chaucer's "Canterbury Tales," supplied Shakespeare with several of the characters in "As You Like It." Gamelyn himself being the prototype of Orlando.

The youngest son of Sir John de Boudry, he was severely treated by his eldest brother, John, after his father's death. On one occasion John ordered his servants to beat Gamelyn, but the youth, said about them so lustily with a staff that they were glad to desist. At another time John had Gamelyn bound to a tree, and left to starve. With the help of a faithful old retainer, Adam, he escaped and fled into the greenwood, where he joined a merry band of outlaws, whose leader he eventually became.

John still pursued his brother with quenches hatred and jealousy. He had the outlaw arrested and cast into prison, but his unnatural wickedness recoiled upon his own head, for at the assize his evil doings were revealed, and it was he, not Gamelyn, who was condemned to death.

One of the second brother, succeeded to the position of sheriff. Gamelyn was made a King's forester, and married a good and comely maid.

**BANK'S LIABILITY
ARGUED.****DEFENCE IN DIAMOND
LOSS CASE.****MR. POTTER CONTENDS THERE
WAS NO CONTRACT.****LENGTHY SPEECH.**

A safe deposit book in which were entries of two packages having been placed with the Banque de l'Indo China for safe custody by Mr. Kornitzer was produced by Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C., Counsel defending the Bank, in the Supreme Court this morning, when the action over a lost packet of diamonds was continued. Counsel argued that the entries meant that when Mr. Kornitzer and the Bank intended articles to be held for safe custody, the entry was made and Mr. Kornitzer would get his proper receipt, but in the present action there was no entry, no receipt and no letter of advice to Mr. Kornitzer informing him that a package held for safe custody was awaiting delivery.

Mr. Potter urged that as a cogent reason why the Court should find that the bailment of the missing parcel was not one of safe custody, but something entirely different.

CASE CITED.

Dealing with the question of bailment in general, Mr. Potter referred to a decision given by Sir William Rees Davies, in 11 Hongkong Law Reports, Page 89. In that case, the plaintiff was a travelling trader, and having sold his goods he asked a merchant with whom he was dealing to keep the money for him until he called for it. Defendant put the money with his own, in a locked drawer. As would appear from the facts, the money was stolen, and, as far as could be seen, it was stolen because the drawer next to that which contained the money could be quite easily taken out, when access would be given to the other drawer. In that case, said Mr. Potter, the Judge held that as the defendant had taken reasonable care they were not liable.

Mr. Potter continued that it was an interesting case, as it adopted what was undoubtedly the law—that a person was not responsible for the fraudulent act of his employee. Also the Judge made use of the fact that plaintiff himself knew where the money was deposited, but apparently he made no complaint about it.

Mr. Potter said, in the present case, he did not mean to say that there was any obligation on Mr. Kornitzer to have pointed out to the Bank that the jewels were in a place which was manifestly not sufficiently safe. There was no legal duty on him to do that, but it was very cogent evidence that the property was being kept properly if the plaintiff was fully aware of where it was being kept and made no complaint.

Degree of Diligence.

It was also stated in the authority, said counsel, that the degree of diligence to be exercised by the depository must be determined by the special facts of each case, and he would submit that that was undoubtedly the law. It would be most unjust, said Mr. Potter later, if, hearing in mind that the receipt for the parcels was merely for the convenience of Mr. Kornitzer to provide evidence in the event of parcels being tampered with, the Bank's liability was increased and they were put in the same position as a person who had definitely undertaken to keep them in safe custody and preserve the parcels intact.

Counsel then produced a safe deposit book, saying it had not been disclosed before because he thought it was not necessary, as it merely dealt with bank practice. Mr. Jenkin said he had not seen the book and he might possibly want to consider his position after seeing it, but his Lordship said he did not think he could grant an adjournment, but would take the point when the book was proved.

Mr. Potter said the book contained the names of people who had deposited various articles for safe keeping and it was interesting to note that the name of Mr. Kornitzer appeared twice for deposits of small packages. Although the book did not state what was in the packages, it was a fair inference to draw that they contained diamonds. One was deposited on January 27, 1922, and was delivered on February 1, 1922. Another was deposited on March 3, 1922, and delivered on March 9, 1922.

Counsel submitted that it was the common procedure, when articles were really placed in safe custody, not only to keep a register, but to give a customer a receipt, and there was no receipt

**FORMER JAPANESE
MINISTER.****ENTERTAINED BY GOVERNOR
OF HONGKONG.****ALSO VISITS CANTON.**

Mr. K. Yoshizawa, former Japanese Minister to Peking, has been on an unofficial visit to Hongkong, having arrived here on the s.s. Canton from Haiphong on Monday after a brief tour of about a month at Haiphong, Saigon and other cities in French Indo-China. Travelling with Mr. Yoshizawa is Mr. W. Suga, who is a secretary attached to the Foreign Office at Tokyo.

Mr. Yoshizawa, it will be recalled, was Minister to China while the Tanaka Cabinet was in power and while Mr. Yoshizawa was in office in Peking he showed much diplomatic skill in solving many obstacles during one of the most crucial periods in Sino-Japanese relations.

Entertained By Governor.

Yesterday, Mr. Yoshizawa, was the guest of His Excellency the Governor, Sir Cecil Clementi, K.C.M.G., and Lady Clementi at dinner. Mr. Suga and Mr. M. Nonomura being also present.

According to Mr. Nonomura, Mr. Yoshizawa's visit to Hongkong is purely for sight-seeing, and is non-political in nature. The ex-Minister left Hongkong last night for Canton. He intends spending only one day in Canton, and as he is travelling incognito it is not expected that he will meet any of the Canton Government officials or the consular representatives at Shumeng. He will return to the Colony this evening and will leave here tomorrow on the Surabaya Maru for Formosa, expecting to reach Tokyo on the 23rd instant.

New Consul Coming.

According to Mr. M. Nonomura, who is acting Japanese Consul in Hongkong, the new Consul General, Mr. T. Yoshida, recently appointed, will arrive in Hongkong about the 18th instant from Japan on the Siberia Maru. The new Consul has had much experience in Chinese affairs, having at different times served as Consul at Fouchow and as Vice-Consul at Newchwang. In recent years Mr. Yoshida has at various times been Consul at Honolulu, Portland, and Chicago, while his last post was Second Secretary at the Japanese Legation in Holland.

In the present case, and no letter from the Bank to Mr. Kornitzer advising him that a package on safe deposit was awaiting delivery.

Two Receipts.

The Bank moved their premises in 1924 and some old and useless receipt books had been lost, or, maybe, destroyed, but they had discovered the tabs of a receipt book which referred to a 1921 deposit book which they had been unable to find. Two of those tabs referred to Mr. Kornitzer, both dated September 8, 1921. One stated: "Received from Mr. Kornitzer one small parcel, contents unknown, sealed with ten red seals, marked 'K' to be placed in safe custody and to be delivered against this present receipt." The other was the same, except for the description, which stated that the package was sealed with three red seals.

Mr. Potter pointed out that those documents and entries would come into existence by reason of a man going to the Bank with a parcel and asking them to keep it in safe custody. The Bank would not pay any attention to the contents and the customer would get his proper receipt. It was clear that where Mr. Kornitzer and the Bank intended to have a package placed in safe custody, they went through the ordinary procedure between customer and banker. They did not put it any higher than that, but it was of great importance to the defence. He would submit that that was another very cogent reason why the Court should find that, in fact, the bailment was not one of safe custody, but something entirely different.

No Contract.

Mr. Potter went on to refer to Mr. Kornitzer's evidence in which he suggested that the matter was bailment for reward. Counsel remarked that he could not help feeling that Mr. Kornitzer had put forward that case as the result of the discovery that the law said if a man was a bailee for reward, the law placed a greater liability on him than if he were a gratuitous bailee. To make the bailees for reward there would have to have been a contractual relationship between the Bank and Mr. Kornitzer, supported by a valuable consideration. As he (Mr. Potter) viewed the law, the same results would flow from that

ATTEMPTED TRICK.**CHINESE SENT TO JAIL AT
KOWLOON.**

Yet another attempt to obtain money under the pretext of having been sent by a relative in the country came to light before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy when a Chinese was charged with trying to obtain \$3 under false pretences.

According to the prosecution a woman living in Kowloon City Road the defendant presented a letter to her, and intimated that he had been sent by a relative to collect \$3. Complainant refused to comply with the request. The defendant returned later and was handed over to the Police.

His Worship imposed sentence of one month's hard labour.

WOMEN QUARREL.**WOODEN CLOY USED AS
WEAPON.**

Two Chinese women appeared before Mr. Whyte Smith at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning in an assault case.

It was alleged that one of them struck the other over the forehead with a wooden cloy following a dispute as to who should cook a meal first. Both parties were ordered to sign personal bonds for their future behaviour.

COTTON INDUSTRY.**RATIONALISATION PROCESS
CONTINUES.**

London, Jan. 7. The Lancashire Cotton Corporation has increased its capital by £1,651,000 in order to provide funds for the absorption of a further twenty-nine mills.—*Reuter.*

arrangement as from any other contractual arrangement. If the agreement were broken, then the aggrieved party could sue for damages.

Mr. Potter asked if it could be seriously suggested, on the facts of the present case, that if the Bank had refused to accept a registered parcel on behalf of Mr. Kornitzer, he would have had any claim for damages? On the other hand, supposing the Bank wanted to bring an action for damages, on what ground could they bring it?

The answer would be because Mr. Kornitzer broke his contract, but, before that could be said, a contract had to be formulated; and Mr. Jenkin had not formulated one. If there was a contract in the present case, it would be to the effect that Mr. Kornitzer would give telegraphic business to the Bank in consideration of their agreeing to receive registered mail for him.

Counsel submitted that the evidence did not even begin to support such a contract and the test would be—Could it be seriously argued that the Bank could bring an action against Mr. Kornitzer for not giving them enough of his telegraphic transfer business? The case is proceeding.

**LEAGUE COUNCIL
AGENDA.****INTERESTING ISSUES FOR
DISCUSSION.****COVENANT AND PACT.**

London, Jan. 7.

Mr. Henderson, the Foreign Secretary, leaves London on Friday next to represent Great Britain at the session of the League of Nations Council, which opens at Geneva on the following Monday.

Great Britain will be specially interested in the outcome of a proposal made on her behalf to the League Assembly last September, that certain articles of the League Covenant, which do not at present definitely rule out war in all circumstances, should be amended in order to bring them into line with the Kellogg Pact.

One of the items on the agenda is the appointment of a committee of eleven persons to draft a report on the amendments necessary.

Another item of particular interest to this country relates to the proposal made last September by Mr. William Graham, the President of the Board of Trade, for an international tariff truce for two years, pending an agreement on a general reduction of tariffs.

Various Governments were asked to state their views on this proposal before the end of 1929 and on the strength of those replies which have been received, the Council have to decide whether a conference should be held at the earliest possible moment.

There will also be a discussion on the report of the Permanent Mandates Commission, containing the observations of the Commission on the administration of the British mandates for Iraq and the Cameroons and of the New Zealand mandate for Western Samoa.

This report will also give the view of Mandates Commission on the proposal forwarded to it by the British Government last November for the immediate appointment of a commission to settle finally the respective claims of the Jews and the Moslems to the Walling Wall at Jerusalem.—*British Wireless.*

HOIHOW REBELS.**GUNBOATS BEING SENT
FROM CANTON.**

Canton, Jan. 7.

Admiral Chan Chak, Commander-in-Chief of the 4th Naval Squadron will leave Canton to-day at noon with five gunboats to visit Hoihow in Kiangchow, where the regiment under the command of Gen. Wong Kung, recently created disturbances in the districts by mutiny and threatening their commanders.

The Admiral's mission is to bring the rebels to book, and to restore order in that area. He takes with him his marine corps and machine gun parties who should be able to quell the rebels in a few hours.

The gunboats consist of the Chung Shan, On Pei, Man Sang, Fook On and Kwong Kum.—*Canton Gazette.*

**CHIT SMUGGLED
INTO GAOL.****MESSAGE TO WOMAN HIDDEN
IN LOAF OF BREAD.****SILENCE ADVISED.**

How a chit, commanding her not to make any implicating statements, was smuggled with a loaf of bread into the gaol to a woman prisoner, detained on a charge of being concerned with the printing of 70-pai lottery tickets, was described by Inspector Clark to Mr. Hamilton at the Central Magistracy this morning.

The Police Officer said that a raid was carried out by him and Chinese detectives at 131, Third Street on January 6, when they discovered the defendant in a bedroom, with 70-pai lottery printing type on a shelf above the bed and some printed documents relating to the lottery.

The following afternoon, whilst accused was in gaol, a Chinese woman brought her some food, and a constable discovered that, attached to a loaf of white bread, was a piece of paper with Chinese characters. He seized it and the paper was translated in the following terms:—"I have subscribed enough money to bail you out. Be careful not to admit that the property is yours. You may say that it was left behind by your brothers, and you may also say you are a woman and know nothing about these things."

Inspector Clark:—Yes. She was not expecting bread.

The Magistrate convicted and fined defendant \$100, or two months' imprisonment. He also ordered the printing type to be confiscated.

CINEMA OWNERS.**NEW LOCAL COMPANY
BEING FORMED.**

The China Entertainment and Land Investment Co., Ltd. has been registered and incorporated under the Company's Ordinance with the object of acquiring the Yee Sang Fat Building and developing it on the lines reported on Monday.

The authorised capital of the company is one million dollars, made up of 100,000 shares of ten dollars each. A small part of the capital is to be offered for public subscription in the near future.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors will be the Hon. Sir Shou-son Chow and Mr. Chang Fat and Mr. Liang Chi-hao are the two joint managing directors. Mr. Liang Chi-hao has been chairman of the S.C.A.A. (1923) and chairman of the Tung Wah Hospital, and has also served on the Committee of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce. He is the present managing director of the Majestic Theatre, Kowloon.

Mr. Chang Fat is the present manager of Messrs. Yee Sang Fat and is the vendor of the property. Among the directors of the company are several well known Chinese merchants, including the Hon. Dr. S. W. T'ao, Messrs. Sham Pak-ming, Wong Kwong-tin, Li Kowson and others.

Other Cinemas Possible.

The primary object of the China Entertainment and Land Investment Co., Ltd. is to establish, maintain and operate a first class and up-to-date cinema theatre in Hongkong and to exhibit the best films to the general public.

As reported yesterday, the Company has acquired the valuable site known as Inland Lot No. 16, now occupied by the Coronet Theatre and the Yee Sang Fat Building. It is also intended in due course, should conditions warrant it, to operate Cinema theatres in Kowloon and elsewhere in China.

Apart from an imposing entrance hall, the main frontage of the new building in Queen's Road Central will consist of modern shops and stores, while there will be six storeys available for office accommodation or restaurants.

The cinema, which is being equipped with nearly 1,200 seats, will include the most up-to-date system of air cooling for the hot seasons. Lifts will be provided for the dress circle and no expense will be spared for the comfort of patrons.

Cost of the Site.

Although the main object of the company is the flotation of a cinema, it is expected to receive between \$8,000 and \$9,000 per month from the rent of the shops and offices.

Mr. Chang Fat is interested in the site as vendor and has agreed to sell the same under an agreement in writing for the sum of \$800,000. Showing his confidence in the undertaking he has agreed to accept this sum on the condition of the allotment to him of 23,004 ordinary shares and six founder shares respectively in the company credited as fully paid, and the balance of \$555,000 in cash.

The estimated cost of the undertaking is \$800,000 for the land and \$800,000 for the new building, a total of \$1,600,000.

POWELLS

10, Ice House Street.

EXCEPTIONAL
VALUES
AT
POWELLS

SPECIAL VALUE
IN
CHAMOIS LEATHER
GLOVES

\$4.75 Less 10% Discount for Cash \$4.05

Pullovers and Sweaters

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A large assortment all marked at

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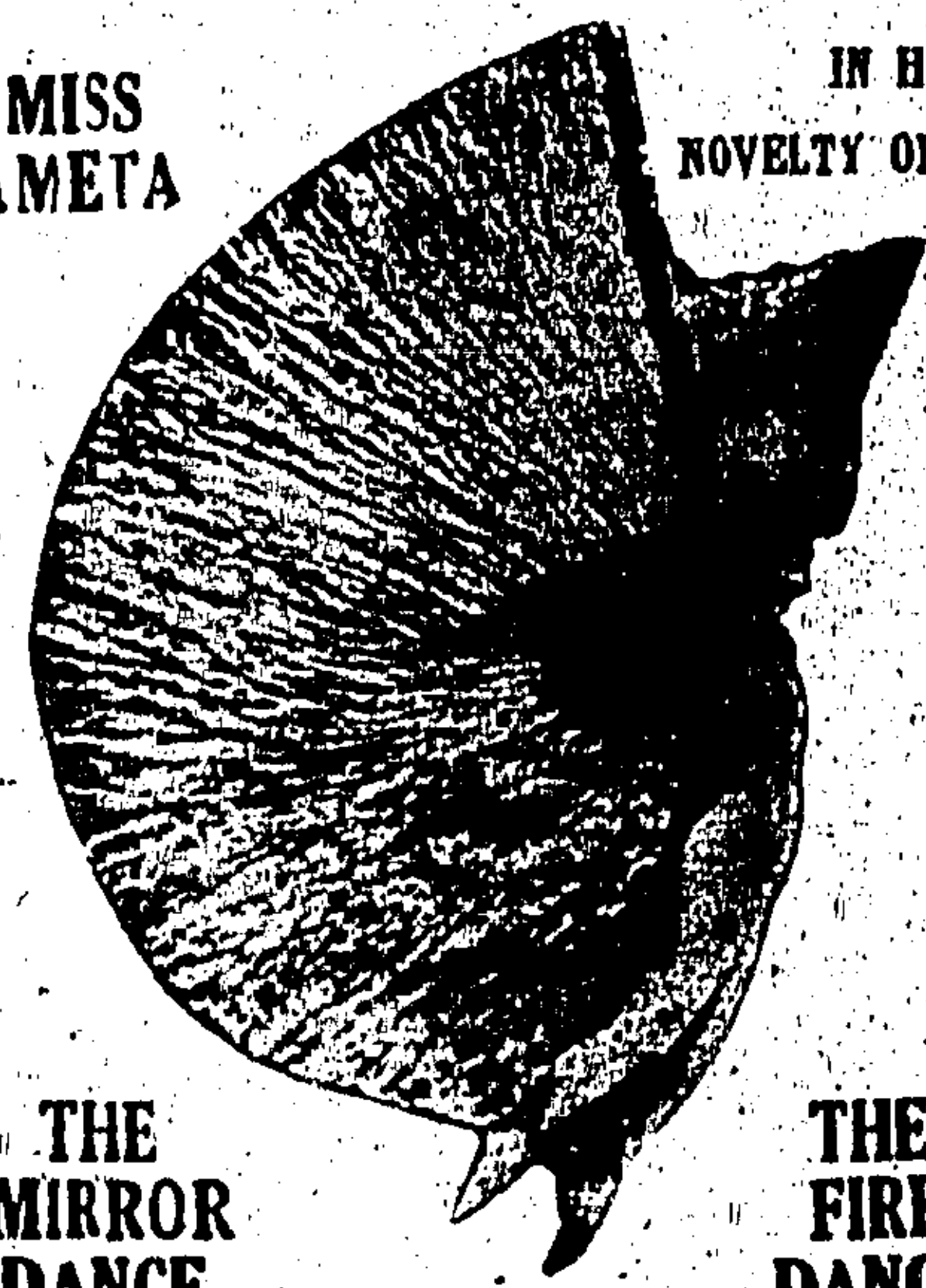


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MISS
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NOVELTY OPERINGS



THE
MIRROR
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In conjunction with

"THE WOMAN DISPUTED"
at 7.15 & 9.20 only.

SLIGHT INCREASE IN PRICES.



Daily at 2.30, 5.30, 7.20 & 9.20

Special Added
Attraction.

**THE HIGH
STEPPERS"**

British Vaudeville Stars
in
latest songs and dances

The brightest, snappiest
and cleverest 30 minute
show ever seen in the
Orient.

Last performances
to-day at

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Don't miss them!

Showing for FIRST TIME in Hongkong



"Now, suppose it's potatoes you want to eat!"

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HOW?

DO YOU KNOW

Have you ever considered whether your food is cooked under proper conditions?

Do you often go into the kitchen? Is it as hygienic as it should be? What fuel is employed? What appliances?

Many kitchens in Hong Kong sadly need overhauling and modernising. Does yours? Go into these questions and if you find the answers unsatisfactory let us suggest that you

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The modern way
The cleanest way
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Gas Cookers supplied and fixed on hire, sale or hire-purchase.

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Extraordinary Statement.

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68, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

£6,000 FOR FAMOUS MAZER BOWL.

AMERICA SECURES AN
ENGLISH TREASURE.

The famous Pepys mazer bowl, which belonged to King Edward VI. Alms-houses at Saffron Walden for over 400 years, and after con-

siderable controversy was sold (to raise funds for the institution) at Christie's in July for £2,900, is going to America.

Mr. Percy Oliver, the dealer who purchased it, states that he has sold it to a wealthy American for \$6,000.

The mazer was originally sold with the consent of the Charity

Commissioners. It is 7 3/4 inches in diameter, 2 inches deep, and bears the London hall mark of 1507, the maker's mark being a fleur-de-lis. The alms-houses were founded in 1400, and the mazer, "a broad cup to drink in," was presented by a Margaret Breygheman. The mazer bowl is mentioned by Samuel Pepys in 1659, and it was used by the governors until the eighties of the last century.

GARRISON NEWS.

OFFICER TRANSFERRED FROM SHANGHAI.

Lieut. F. Goldsmith, M.B.E., M.M., Royal Artillery, who has held a post on the Intelligence Staff at Shanghai, is vacating his appointment, and will be transferred to the Home Establishment, embarking for England at the end of next month.

Army Hockey Team.

The following have been selected to represent the Army versus the Hong Kong Hockey Club this afternoon, in a match to be played on the U.S.R.C. ground, Kowloon. The bully-off will be at 4.45 p.m.

Lieut. Barratt, R.A.; Pte. Martin, S.L.I.; Captain Huxford, R.A.; S/Sgt. O'Flaherty, R.A.M.C.; Major Philby, S.L.I.; Bdr. Gardiner, R.A.; Lieut. Evans, S.L.I.; Capt. Walker, K.O.S.B.; Sjt. Skipp, I.A.S.C.; Sjt. Kingsland, H.K.S. Dde.; R.A.; Lieut. Christian, R.A.

Football.

The Royal Engineers and Royal Signals were unfortunate to lose by the odd goal in three against "A" Company, S.L.I., at Sookunpoo yesterday afternoon. Teams:

R.E. & R.S.—Penny; Gillott, Perry; Palmer; Grosvener; Moore; Higgins; Delling; Cotton; Monaghan; Earl. "A" Coy.—Blissett; Lawrence; Austin; Pragnell; Troth; Jones; Avery; Sherston; Spurdle; Scott; Richards.

DARTS CONTEST.

ENJOYABLE GAME AT KAI TAK.

A very enjoyable evening was spent in the Sergeant's Mess, R.A.F. Kai Tak, on Sunday, when a darts match was played between R.A.F. Kai Tak and H.M.S. Hermes C.P.O. In games of 201 up the following were the scores:

Kai Tak. H.M.S. Hermes.
P. O. Powley beat C. P. O. Snelling.
Flt/Sgt. Brooke lost to Mech. King.
Flt/Sgt. Pearce beat Flt/Sgt. King.
Ship. Boynton beat Chief/Ship. Rowe.

Flt/Sgt. Blake lost to S. M. Dunk.
Kai Tak winning 3 to 2.

In the darts cricket match that followed Kai Tak won rather easily. C. R. O. Snelling, the champion of Kent, had a very off night. S. M. Pike made a very capable referee. A Double Championship Match between P. O. Powley and Flt/Sgt. Pearce v C. P. O. Snelling and Mech. King was won by the former.

COUNTRY CLUB GOLF.

FINAL FIXED FOR NEXT SUNDAY.

F. E. Remedios and A. A. Lopes have qualified to meet in the final of the golf championship of the Country Club at Sheung Shui, which will be played on Sunday next over 30 holes. The results in the first round and semi-finals were as follows:

1st Round.
A. A. Lopes beat E. Leitao 5 and 3.
E. D. da Roza beat J. Bato 3 and 1.
J. M. Remedios beat C. G. Anderson 4 and 2.

Semi-Finals.
F. E. Remedios beat A. W. da Roza on 19th green.
A. A. Lopes beat E. D. da Roza on 19th green.

F. E. Remedios beat J. M. Remedios 7 and 6.

LEAGUE CRICKET.

I.R.C. TEAMS FOR SATURDAY.

The following will represent the I.R.C. in their league matches against the H.K.C.C. on Saturday:

1st XI. (Home): A. el Arculli, A. H. Rumjahn, A. H. Madar, A. K. Minu, A. R. Minu, O. Ismail, A. M. Rumjahn, S. A. Ismail, C. F. Doodha, J. S. A. Curreen, and A. A. Rumjahn (Capt.).

2nd XI. (Away): M. R. Abbas, J. S. Acker, H. T. M. Barma, A. R. H. Esmail, D. Mohamed, A. Normanbhoy, Sirdar Khan, A. R. Sufflad, A. S. Sufflad, F. M. el Arculli, and M. P. Madar (Capt.). Reserve: S. Ismail.

LOCAL BILLIARDS.

ST. PATRICK'S CLUB DEFEAT H.M.S. HERMES.

In a match at St. Patrick's Club on Monday night, St. Patrick's defeated H.M.S. Hermes by 21 points. The scores were as follows:

St. Patrick's. H.M.S. Hermes.
F. M. da Cruz 150 Winter 138
E. Painter 145 Stafford 150
W. Finch 107 Tolchard 160
E. Nuttall 150 Pearcey 113
E. Pryer 132 Stokes 160
L. E. Remedios 150 Wynters 112

LOCAL HOCKEY.

UNIVERSITY 2ND XI TEAM TO MEET Y.M.C.A.

The University second eleven will be represented by the following in a friendly hockey match against the Y.M.C.A. on Thursday, at 6 p.m., at King's Park—A. A. Aziz (Capt.), C. Ho, N. Chinnappa, Khe Nappa, T. W. Goh, Ng. Kam-sol, James, Nolasco, J. Gutierrez, O. de Souza, B. Sullivan, Reserves: S. L. Wong, A. Gosano and H. E. M. Adams.

A KOWLOON TONG PROBLEM.

(Continued from Page 1.)

defendant would have to seek his remedy in another way.

His Worship asked Mr. J. Barnett, of the Water Works, if he knew what the remedy was.

Mr. Barnett replied that he believed residents were at present sinking wells.

His Worship intimated that he had heard of other people in Kowloon Tong complaining regarding water for flushing purposes.

Only Government Offices.

Mr. Barnett pointed out that nobody in the Colony was allowed to use fresh water for flushing purposes except in Government offices.

His Worship:—Why Government offices?

Mr. Barnett:—Well, I don't know, your Worship.

His Worship:—So that's the remedy? It has been proposed that wells be put there?

Mr. Barnett:—Yes.

His Worship:—That's all very well, but how soon is that going to be done, because when the last person talked to me about it, it must have been a year ago.

Mr. Barnett:—It is not up to the Water Authority to supply flush water to any house. We only supply water for domestic purposes. It is the owner of the house who supplies flush water.

His Worship (to defendant):—Why won't the water closets flush?

Reservoir Dry.

Defendant:—The Kowloon Tong Reservoir has dried up.

Mr. Barnett:—It is not our water.

His Worship (to defendant):—Is the position not this—that, failing to have your own supply of water, you are trying to steal it from the Government?

The defendant replied that the house was granted permission by the Government to install the flush system and they had to have a certain amount of water for the purpose.

His Worship said the Public Works Department would not have allowed the flush to be installed if there was not an adequate supply of water and asked if it was not the case that the installation of the flush was a mistake, because there was no water.

Mr. Barnett replied that it had nothing to do with them.

His Worship:—No, but whoever put in the water closet has made a mistake; would you say that?

Water from Elsewhere.

Mr. Barnett replied in the negative. He said that when the flush was put in, the owner had a supply of water from somewhere.

His Worship (to the defendant):—I suppose in the meantime you will have to flush the water closet with buckets of water?

Defendant:—I shall have to do that, but that would be fresh water too.

His Worship:—You think that this is a good arrangement of yours? You have extended the Government service, but I think you will admit you ought to have got permission for that?

His Worship (to Mr. Barnett):—You say that he would never have got permission?

Mr. Barnett:—They would never get permission.

Defendant:—We are absolutely up a tree. We don't know what to do.

His Worship (to Mr. Barnett):—Are the wells being put in by the Government?

Mr. Barnett:—I could not say. I think it is the owners. I think it is up to the owners to get the supply of water for them (the residents).

His Worship:—I will have to fine you \$15, Mr. Gittina.

Defendant:—In that case, we cannot do anything.

His Worship:—The only remedy Mr. Barnett states is that he understands wells are going to be put in.

His Worship (to Mr. Barnett):—Are there any chances of the Kowloon Tong Reservoir being extended?

Mr. Barnett:—I don't know, your Worship.

Pressure on Owners.

The defendant remarked that the only thing to be done was to bring pressure on the owners and force them to sink wells otherwise he (defendant) would be before the Court again.

His Worship:—For taking water from buckets? I think it is more tampering with the Government Service that is objected to. Because you put it right immediately, it does not mean you weren't wrong.

The defendant remarked that the notice gave him the impression that if the connections were removed, no further action would be taken.

His Worship said that he quite agreed, but actually the summons had been applied for before the notice was served. He was not really the person to say what the remedy was.

The defendant was fined \$15.

SHARE PRICES

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1305 s.
Chartered Bank, \$18 s.
Mercantile A. & B., \$304 s.
East Asia \$95 s.

Insurances.

Canton Ins., \$695 b.
Union Ins., \$367 b.
North China Ins., Tls. 160 b.
Yangtze Ins., \$50 n.
China Underwriters, \$2 n.
China Fires, \$320 b.
H. K. Fire Ins., \$316 b.

Shipping.

Douglases, \$254 n.
H. K. Steamboats, \$274 n.
H. K. Tugs, \$2 s.
Indo-Chinas, (Def.) \$70 n.
Uniq. Waterboats, \$234 b.

Mining.

Benguets, \$470 b.
Kailans, 53/- n.
Langkots, Tls. 13.60 n.
Shai Explorations, Tls. 1.30 n.
Rauhs, \$11.50 b.
Troncha, 21/- b.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$145 s.
Whampoa Docks, \$321 s.
China Providents, \$5.65 s.
Hongkows, Tls. 190 n.
New Engineerings, Tls. 7.50 n.
Shanghai Docks, Tls. 106 b.

Cottons.

Ewo Cottons, Tls. 161 s.
Orientals, Tls. 2.30 b.
Shai Cottons, Tls. 83 (old) b.

Lands, Hotels, etc.

H. and S. Hotels, \$1215 b.
H. K. Lands, \$65 b.
Shai Lands Tls. 161 n.
Humphreys, \$14 b.

Realities, etc.

Realities, \$9 s.
Chinese Estates \$98 s.

Public Utilities.

Tramways, \$19 s.
Peak Trams, (old) \$11.75 n.
Star Ferries, \$71 n.

China Lights, (Old) \$19.50 b.
H. K. Electric, \$694 b.
Macao Electric, \$23 b.

Telephones \$94 b.
China Buses, Tls. 154 b.
Singapore Tractons, 10/- s.

Industrials.

China Sugars, \$1 n.
Malabons, \$27 n.
Cald: Macg. Ord: Tls. 11 n.

Canton Icos, \$2.50 n.
Cements (Comb.) \$144 b.
Ropos \$7.80 s.

United Asbestos \$5 b.
Stores, etc.

Dairy Farms, \$21 s.
Watsons, \$111 s.
Der A. Wings, \$80 n.

Lane Crawford, \$2 b.
Mackintoshes, \$18 b.
Sinteros, \$12 n.

Miscellaneous.

Amusements, \$274 b.
Obstructions, \$1.30 b.
B'quo Ind. G. Bonds, 61%.

H. K. G. Loan 4 1/2% s. Prem.

ITALIAN SHIP.

THE REMO ON A TRADE TOUR.

It is to be regretted that the stay of the Italian trade ship, Remo, is to be confined to a brief 24 hours or so, and that all the Colony cannot have the advantage of seeing the vessel for themselves.

Primarily the Remo is a vessel of comfort, her spacious cabins being the equal of anything seen in these waters, and her deck as commodious as those of the most palatial passenger liner.

However, for the time being the liner has been converted into a floating department store, stocking every kind of produce known to mankind.

On the upper decks, one finds soft felt Italian hats of all shapes and sizes, side by side with the most magnificent perfumes of Europe and the finest silk products. Below one finds all manner of cotton and woollen merchandise, together with the world's most famous gold and silver ware.

The number of exhibitors on board the liner exceeds three score, and practically the whole of the deck space is taken over in this connexion. This does not mean that the interior of the ship is free. Far from it in fact, for the ordinary lounges have for the time being been converted to hand-some trade salons, where the intending purchaser may sit comfortably with the exhibitor, and take in his wares. The art of selling has surely been brought to perfection aboard this wonder ship.

Travelling on board the liner are the representatives of various firms who are accommodated in cabins which are also equipped as offices. In this way the business of the voyage is attended to on the spot in just the same manner as it would be attended to in any big office on land.

QUEEN'S THE VIKING SUNDAY ONLY



The Queen's Management has pleasure in being able to present in response to popular demand the super

100% TECHNICOLLOUR
ALBERT FOR 1 DAY ONLY.

STAR THEATRE

Commencing
THURSDAY, JANUARY 10th.

A. CARPI

presents the

ITALIAN GRAND OPERA

In A SERIES OF OPERAS

Thursday, January 10th

LA BOHEME

Friday, January 17th

RIGOLETTO

Saturday, January 18th

MME. BUTTERFLY

Sunday, January 19th

BARRIERE de SIVIGLIA

Monday, January 20th

GALLERIA ROSTICANA

and
PAGLIACCI

Tuesday, January 21st

FAUST

Wednesday, January 22nd

CARMEN

Booking at Montreux and the Star.
Prices \$4, \$5, \$2 & \$1.

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AGENTS FOR

The
Hongkong Telegraph

TO WHOM ALL LOCAL
ENQUIRIES SHOULD BE
ADDRESSED

The Avenging Parrot

by Anne Austin

CHAPTER XXXVI.

"Who—me? Speak to Cora?" Sevier echoed scornfully. "All I could think of was getting away from there! I didn't want to be mixed up in no murder! Cora knew I'd always drawn the line at that, and if she hadn't been so busy trying to keep out of trouble herself, she'd have told you that."

"She did say you never planned to murder Mrs. Hogarth in order to rob her," Dundee assured him. "And she did not tell you that you appeared at the window. She said she never saw you again after you told her good-bye at the theatre."

"She didn't try to frame me? You're not kidding me?" Sevier asked, so strangely that Dundee was at a loss to read his tone or expression.

"Cora admitted only that she was afraid it was you, because you had asked her to help you rob Mrs. Hogarth. And she told us about being in that room herself. She says she knocked on Mrs. Hogarth's door, after seeing her light was on, and when she received no answer, became afraid that the old lady had had a heart attack, opened the door and found her dead. Cora was looking for a page in Mrs. Hogarth's diary—the entry in which Mrs. Hogarth had recorded your visit to Cora's room the night of May 18."

Sevier stared stupidly for a moment, then he became oddly violent. "Say! Don't let her kid you! He can't himself up sharply, gasped, then mopped his wet forehead with his coat sleeve.

"Did Cora see you?" Dundee interrupted.

"I didn't know then whether she did or not, because I ducked when I saw her lift her head and turn her face toward the window. Guess I must have made some little noise, like taking a sharp breath when I saw that the old lady was dead. But when I saw in the papers Monday that she'd been arrested as a material witness against me, I thought she must have seen me, and would be doing her best to put the rope around my neck, instead of her own."

"And what is your opinion, Sevier?" Dundee asked pleasantly. "Do you think Cora Barker murdered Mrs. Hogarth?"

"I don't think she'd hardly had time, because I can up the trellis the minute I thought she'd got to her room," Sevier answered slowly. "Did you yourself have time to notice whether the room was in disorder or not?"

"I didn't realize then I was noticing, but by the time I got back down the trellis it came to me that it couldn't have been Cora because the room was all in a mess—things thrown out of the trunk and desk and clothes closet, but what I thought she was doing was covering up the tracks of the man who did it. I figured it out later that she wouldn't help me, because I wouldn't marry her, but she'd the guy that would. She was going around with a silly-looking little bird named Magnus."

"Go on with your story, Sevier," Dundee interrupted.

"Well, I was so scared I didn't give a hoot about the money then. If I'd seen Cora with it in her hands, I'd have bent it just like I did. I didn't want to be mixed up in murder! So I ducked when she looked up, and crawled on my hands and knees to the trellis. I was in such a hurry going down that I broke one of the slats and scratched my hand on the thorns. I nearly forgot to get my hat, but I heard it crackle when I stepped down into it, so I picked it up and ran as fast as I could, which wasn't very fast, because I had to run all humped over so the hedge would hide me from the house. I got to the alley, and like Dr. Weeks said, that fool car turned its lights on me from the entrance of the alley on Tenth Street. I threw my hat away in a rubbish can somewhere on my way to the train."

"Just a minute, Sevier. According to your story, you must have left the Rhodes House grounds not later than 20 minutes past 12, and yet you had to run to catch the 1 o'clock train. Where were you in the meantime?"

Sevier started to speak, then locked his lips stubbornly. Dundee did not press the point then. "You caught the train and left it—where? And where have you spent these three days?"

"None of your damned business!" the prisoner snarled.

"I conclude, then, Sevier, that you somehow managed to put in a long distance call from a coin box before leaving Hamilton, and that you arranged a refuge for yourself, not very far away. I also feel quite sure that your protector was a girl whom you care for a great deal, and that she finally persuaded you to come back to Hamilton and give yourself up. That is true, isn't it?"

"You think you're smart, don't you?" the man snarled. "Well, think what you please, but I'll see through hoops if she wanted to."

you in hell before I'll tell you anything else. I've told you the truth about Saturday night, up to 1 o'clock, and that's as far as I'm going to tell. And I want a drink of cold water!" he added defiantly.

Sergeant Turner could restrain himself no longer. "You'll get a drink when you've come through with a confession, you cold-blooded murderer! Wilkins, bring that electric heater and turn it on him. Maybe he'll get hot enough and thirsty enough to tell the truth."

"May I speak with you a moment outside, Sergeant?" Dundee interrupted respectfully.

"And you, too, Uncle Pat?" he added to the police commissioner.

When the three stood together in the hall outside the closed door into the inquisition chamber, Dundee began earnestly.

"I have a request to make, Uncle Pat. I know both of you will think I'm just a credulous young idiot, but I believe Sevier is telling a pretty straight story—as nearly a truthful one as any man could tell when it reflects against him as much as his story does. There is only one point in it that I seriously doubt—and that is that Cora Barker ever agreed to help him rob Mrs. Hogarth, on his promise of marriage or for any other reason. I believe he put that in to make things a little less black for himself."

"Shall I go in and apologize to him for arresting him?" Sergeant Turner interrupted sarcastically.

"That was not exactly the request I had in mind," Dundee answered, with his wide, disarming smile. "Please bear with me a little longer, Sergeant."

"What do you want to do, boy?" Commissioner O'Brien asked, laying a hand on the young detective's shoulder. "I think you've done a good job so far. Being polite is a new kind of thing, I agree, but I'm a son of a gun if I don't work! What do you want now? Going to take his pulse on one of those lie detectors, like a story-book detective?"

Dundee laughed, but he flushed with gratitude at his uncle's praise and faith in his ability. "Maybe I'll get around to that later, Uncle Pat, but right now I want to do nothing more absurd than to bring Cora Barker down here to face Sevier. I have a hunch that if Sevier is lying the truth will come out when those two come face to face."

"Good idea, Bonnie!" O'Brien applauded. "Go get her yourself, and in the meantime I think you can count on your little playmate's having his drink of water. Eh, Sergeant?"

The disgruntled sergeant stamped away without replying, and O'Brien winked broadly as he clapped his nephew upon the shoulder. "Don't let Turner get your goat, Bonnie. He always was an old sorehead, but he's a good man—for routine work."

"I can't blame him for resenting me," Dundee answered gravely. "Now, Uncle Pat—about my going personally for Cora Barker. That will let her into the secret, that I'm working on the case, and may hamper my work at the boarding house, if she talks."

"We'll see that she doesn't talk," O'Brien promised. "She would get wise anyway, if you questioned her and Sevier together. Better take one of the boys along with you, to help convince her of your authority."

Dundee agreed, choosing Detective Payne, who had been most active in assisting Lieutenant Strawn and himself immediately after Mrs. Hogarth's murder.

"Seems rather a shame to drag Cora out of bed at this time of night—or rather morning," Dundee remarked to Payne, as the two young men swung down the quiet, deserted streets together. "It's nearly 4 o'clock."

"Well, if ladies will go around getting themselves mixed up in murder, they gotta expect to lose a little sleep," Payne retorted cheerfully. "Say, Dundee, mind, if I tell you that you did a swell job with Sevier? By being smooth and polite and dead sure of your facts, you got more out of that bird than Turner could a-lerked out of him in 10 hours of third degree."

"Thanks, Payne. What did you think of Sevier's story?"

"Had sort of a hunch he was pret-ner telling the truth," Payne answered thoughtfully. "Never can tell though. I was at head-quarters when the boys brought him in, and he sure was in a state. Nerves shot to hell. Funny way for a man to act if he was really coming to give himself up for non-resistance. Reckon, though, you were right about that dame of his. A man'll do a lot for a girl he's in love with. I'm engaged myself, and Betty could make me jump through hoops if she wanted to."

BRIDGE COLLAPSE.

TUNIS-ALGIERS EXPRESS FALLS INTO RAVINE.

Tunis, Jan. 7. The collapse of a bridge near Guelma, as the Tunis-Algiers express was passing over it, precipitated the locomotive and two full coaches and a mail van into a ravine.

Twelve people were killed and twenty injured.—*Reuter.*

LETTER GOLF SOLUTION.

Here is the solution to the puzzle on another page. EASY, EAST, WEST, WORT, WORK.

"Where was he picked up?" "Near here. On Eighth and Main—five blocks from headquarters. As soon as he saw the cops coming toward him he began to run up Eighth, but when Patrolman Callahan shouted to him to stop, calling his name, he stopped, and came along without any fuss. But the boys said he was white as death and sort of doubled up, as if he was sick at his stomach. Funny, ain't it?"

"Very!" Dundee agreed, and the two men walked the remainder of the short distance to the Rhodes House in silence.

Dundee glanced up at the second story front windows. There was no light showing. Not a sound except the soft pad of their rubberheeled shoes disturbed the brooding peace. He sniffed gratefully the cool, sweet odor of new-cut grass, mingled with the fainter fragrance of sleeping flowers. Suddenly he realized he was very tired, and that he had little heart for the task he had set himself. Cora Barker had suffered enough already. It seemed inhuman to wake her now and drag her down to face the man who had pretended to love her. Perhaps even now she was dreaming of the cleaner, sweeter, less tempestuous love which had come to her—a love she valued so dearly that, to protect it, she had unwittingly involved herself in a murder.

Dundee sighed deeply, as he inserted his key in the lock. The low-powered hall light gave scarcely more illumination than a candle. Tiptoeing, the two detectives ascended the stairs. "Dawd's snoring," he whispered, grinning in the dark. "At least Sevier didn't lie about that. Hope we don't arouse the house, knocking on Cora's door." He knocked softly at first, then as there was no answer, more loudly. Odd. He would have sworn Cora was a light sleeper.



Sends them to bed happy

36

When there was still no answer he placed his lips against the crack between door and frame and called softly.

There was no answer, more hands began to shake violently as

he selected a master key. Even before he found and knipped the light switch he was sure of what that deep and sinister silence portended.

(To be Continued.)



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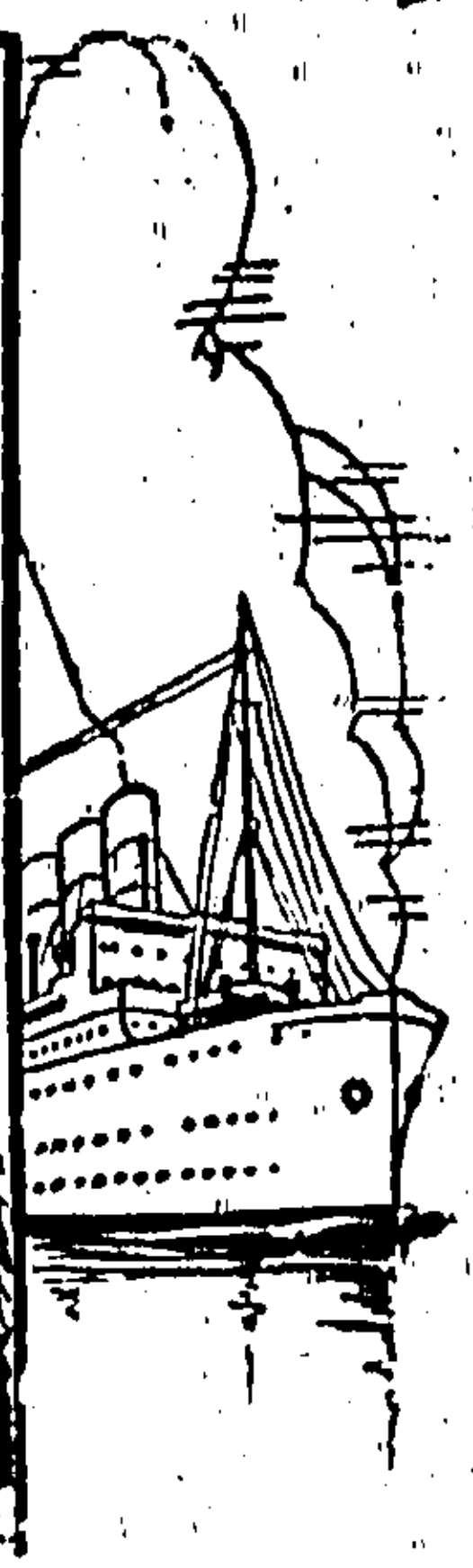


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DIFFICULTIES OF ENGLISH.

AN INTERESTING DISCOURSE BY PROFESSOR SIMPSON.

SOME PITFALLS.

The English Association met last evening at 6.30 in the Cathedral Hall. His Excellency the Governor presided, and after the minutes of the last meeting had been read and confirmed, called upon Professor Simpson to deliver his lecture on "The Difficulty of English."

Professor Simpson began his address by remarking that to millions of people English presents no difficulty; while most of their writing is in set phrases on conventional subjects. Many, however, are forced by their occupation to worry over the difficulty of English, not only professional authors, but those who must write letters or reports which call for greater skill and are rewarded by a higher payment than that of the novelist. They must not only know their subject, but must be able to write about it.

Such people keep on their desk dictionaries, the Clarendon Press rules for compositors and printers, and are as eager for a new book by Fowler as for one by Shaw. Teachers also find that using a language and teaching it are very different. The inclusion of English in the curriculum of school and university is comparatively recent, and the methods of teaching are less fixed than in the case of older-established subjects. Many feel the impossibility of teaching it on classical lines, and again, methods used in England are not suitable for foreign students. To teach it to the foreigner is a gigantic task for correct English is a habit acquired by long and regular practice under trained supervision.

The difficulties can, however, be faced if they are met systematically.

In the eighteenth century Dr. Johnson gave eight years of his life to make English easier, and to fix the language by means of a grammar and a dictionary; he only succeeded in fixing the spelling, and for that he has received more blame than praise. In a preface, Johnson states that English speech is "copious without order, and energetic without rules." It is in much the same state to-day.

Difficulties Classified.

The difficulties of English may be conveniently classified under various heads. The first is the separation between spelling and pronunciation. To foreigners there is a great difficulty in learning to spell correctly; this means that there is also difficulty in learning correct pronunciation. English is called a phonetic language; that is, the written symbols represent sounds, in contrast, for example, to Chinese, which is ideographic. Once English spelling did indicate the pronunciation, but while the pronunciation has changed (very irregularly), the spelling remains stationary. Some words are still phonetic, but not so the vast majority; for example in the monosyllable "one," only one letter (n) corresponds to the pronunciation, and that is in the wrong place. There is so much room for error in a language so loosely phonetic that the British

Broadcasting Corporation had to appoint a committee to decide on the pronunciation of 322 particularly disputed words. Even then, competent critics found fault with 89 of their decisions.

For foreigners, who cannot learn by ear in childhood, this is a tremendous obstacle, and the difficulty is increased by modern pronunciation; if to-day we make a difference in sound, between "alma" and "arms" we shock everybody except those folks in the North who cling to the idea "that the most elegant speakers deviate least from the written word." A foreigner may be able to analyse or to write a correct sentence, yet his speech may betray his real ignorance of the language.

Professor Simpson proceeded to analyse and discuss the two suggested reforms, Simplified Spelling advocated by Bridges and the International Phonetic Alphabet, pointing out that the latter (unlike the limited Latin alphabet) gives all the authentic sounds for all European and many Oriental languages—but only in Turkey can the government make adults learn a new Alphabet.

Grammar Books.

It is a matter for regret that grammar books, begin with parts of speech instead of "sounds of speech." A slight change in pronunciation or in spelling may make the difference between a noun and a verb, or worse still, there may be a change in spelling which does not coincide with the change in pronunciation ("prophecy," "prophecy"). To teach this is almost as bad as teaching Chinese pronunciation, with no help from the component parts of the printed word. Regular practice in dictation and in tongue-twisters (with, for the Chinese, emphasis on "v," "th" and the "x" "y") are essential for the foreign student.

After the most elementary stage, these should also be practised in the movements of lips and mouth, and in spelling, as well as in meanings of words.

A further difficulty to foreigners is the all-important stress in English. To hope this may be "picked up" by students is the surrender of teaching; but the stresses may be largely learned by the stresses of English poetry and the study of this is therefore a practical undertaking; it teaches shades of meaning, and quantity, in addition to the stress of words and of sentences.

The next difficulty is that which arises from the interplay of grammar, logic, and idiom. The rules of English syntax are few, its accidentancy scanty; so much so that some say there is no English grammar, and it is possible to write correctly by knowing the words and putting them into a natural order. The lecturer explained, with amusing illustrations, that this very absence of grammatical inflexion and rule tends to make composition more difficult; a foreigner may know his grammar but make serious mistakes in composition. Again idiom allows constructions forbidden by grammar, and grammar allows expressions which are not idiomatic. The transferring of current idiom to books from speech, makes a living language.

To substitute logic for grammar sounds well but is impracticable as Professor Simpson showed by further amusing examples.

Further Pitfalls.

Other difficulties dealt with were "pidgin" English, the temptation of word-building (macrobolic was the inspired coinage of a young Chinese),

and the allusions in English which demand a background of biblical, classical, historical and sociological culture.

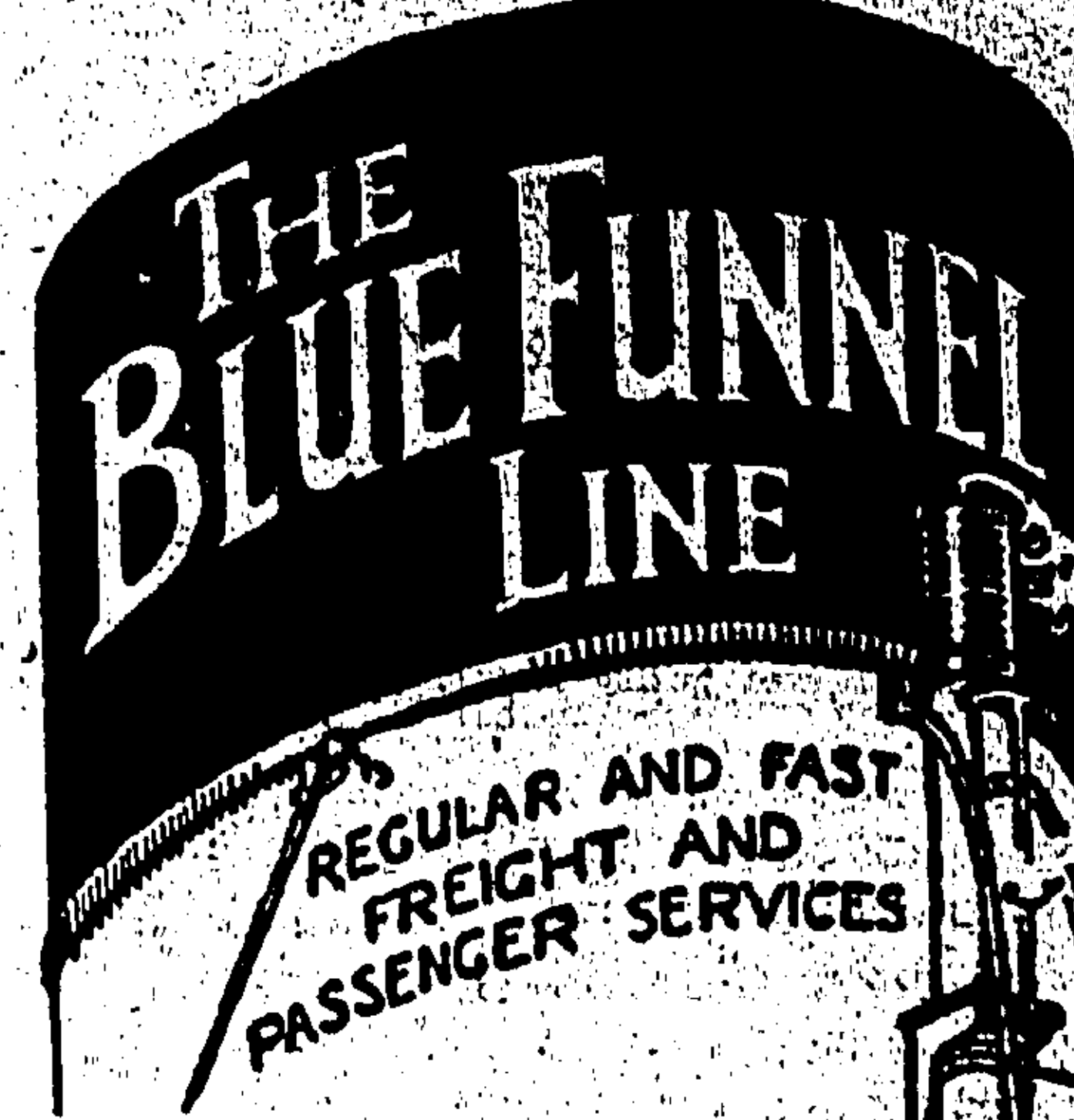
In conclusion, the lecturer said that for the British people English is a precious birthright; for others a difficult acquisition, of value because the world's business is transacted in it, the best part of the world's government is carried on by it, and all the world's knowledge is contained in it.

His Excellency the Governor declared the subject open to discussion. His Honour Sir Henry Gollan, after some witty remarks on the theme of the lecture, reminded the audience that it was the last occasion on which His Excellency would preside, and after thanking him, in the name of the Association, for the interest, the hard work, and the time he had so generously given, expressed regret at his imminent departure, while assuring him of the Association's wishes for success and happiness in his new career.

His Excellency congratulated Professor Simpson on the excellence of his lecture, and briefly discussed some points in connexion with it. Mr. Birch also took part in the open discussion.

It was then announced that the next meeting will be held at the Cathedral Hall on Tuesday, 4th February, at 6.30 p.m., when Major Doyle, R.E., will speak on "English in the Army," and that as Father Byrne, S.J., is going to Europe, and will be unable to lecture in April, Fr. McDonald, S.J., Warden of Ricci Hall, will lecture on "Literary Links between East and West."

The meeting then adjourned.



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TO SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	Sulsang Kumsang	Fri. 1st Jan at 3 p.m. Thurs. 23rd Jan at 3 p.m.
TO SANDAKAN	Hinsang Mausang	Thurs. 9th Jan at noon Fri. 24th Jan at 3 p.m.
TO TIENTSIN via FOCHOW & WU-HAI-WEI	Chipsang Cheongsang	Fri. 17th Jan at 7 a.m. Fri. 24th Jan at 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply to—

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ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

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"CITY OF MANDALAY" Havre, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg 17th January

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE

"CITY OF KOBE" via Suez Canal 28th January

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BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE

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"TINHOU" 22nd January

Loading for Mauritius, Durban, Reunion, Delagoa Bay, East London, Algoa Bay, (Port Elizabeth), Mossel Bay and Capetown.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Beira, Quilimane, Ibo, Port Agulhas, Mozambique, Ohine, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombasa, Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Lagers Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

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REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE (Fiume) TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.

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NEXT SAILINGS

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From Hongkong
S.S. "DUOH. D'AOSTA" Sails hence on or about 21 Jan.
M.V. "FSQUILINO" Sails hence on or about 30th Jan.
S.S. "ROSANDRA" Sails hence on or about 18th Feb.

HOMEWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

From Hongkong
S.S. "HILDA" Sails hence on or about 25th Jan.
M.V. "REMO" Sails hence on or about 4th Feb.
S.S. "DUOH. D'AOSTA" Sails hence on or about 22 Feb.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

FROM CALCUTTA & COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

S.S. "UMZUMBI" Sails from Calcutta on or about 9th Feb.
Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.
Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong
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**KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPIJ.**

Royal Packet Navigation Co. of Batavia.

M. V. "CREMER"

will be despatched on 16th January at noon.
For SINGAPORE, PENANG & BELWAN DELI DIRECT.
Offers excellent saloon accommodation all lower borths, English Cuisine, doctor carried, wireless telegraph.
1st. CLASS FARE TO SINGAPORE \$125.00.

In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co.'s (K.P.M.) services to all destinations in the Netherlands East Indies and Australia.

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Service to Australia & South Sea Ports.

NEXT SAILING

S.S. "CALULU"

on JANUARY 11th

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Cheapest and Best

From all leading Compradores.

NAVAL CONFERENCE.

THE AMERICAN ATTITUDE OUTLINED.

Washington, Jan. 7.
The famous breakfast party is being held by Mr. Hoover at the White House to-day to the whole American delegation to the naval conference, preparatory to their departure later in the day.

It is learned that the Americans are prepared to discuss further restriction in aircraft carrier building if the matter be raised at the conference. The newspapers state that the delegation would also support a treaty on the lines of the Pacific four-Power pact, providing for consultation among the signatories of the Kellogg Pact in the event of war threatening.—*Reuter's American Service.*

Battleship Tonnage.

London, Jan. 7.

In a leading article discussing the forthcoming naval conference, the Times to-day suggests that a practical, straightforward step might be taken by a further limitation of the size of battleships.

It says:—"The Washington Treaty left one loose end usefully trailing. It was part of the plan of the American promoters to confine the first experiment in limitation of arms to existing naval strength. There is no other explanation why the maximum tonnage, and therefore in practice the minimum tonnage, of a battleship should have been fixed at 35,000 tons. Indeed, no scientific reason has ever been advanced or can be advanced why a battleship should be even half that size. The only defence for these hypertrophied vessels in any navy is that another nation has built or will build them. Competition created the 35,000 ton battleship, limitation sanctified it, strategy does not require it, and economy condemns it. It would be a bold and popularly intelligible stroke for peace and economy if Britain, America and Japan, who are the only three nations specially interested in battleships, were to agree to trust to common sense rather than to convention in the stated measure of their battleships. Such agreement could not fail to have a powerful effect on all the subsequent and less tractable business of the conference."—*British Wireless.*

COAL INDUSTRY.

QUESTION OF BETTER MINING CONDITIONS RAISED.

London, Jan. 7.

At Geneva yesterday, the preparatory technical conference on conditions in the coalmining industry, which aims at securing an international solution of certain of the industry's more critical problems, was opened, Mr. W. R. Smith, Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade, being elected president.

The day's proceedings were devoted to general statements by representatives of nine European coal producing States, who are taking part in the conference.

Sir Sydney Chapman said the British Government heartily welcomed the convention on hours of

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD. AND CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Vessel

"NIPPON"

From SEATTLE, VANCOUVER & VICTORIA via JAPAN.

are requested to take delivery of Flour, and Lumber shipments as soon as the vessel is ready to discharge and are hereby notified that if their lighters are not placed alongside the steamer as required, the shipments will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, at their expense, where the cargo will be also at their risk and expense and subject to the terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. Steamer will commence discharge on the 7th January.

General cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to the terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from the Godown on and after 7th January.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns. No fire insurance has been effected. No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 7th January, 1930.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD. AND CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Company's Vessel

"PHILOCTETES"

From UNITED KINGDOM via SINGAPORE.

are hereby notified that their cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to the terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 7th January.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns. No fire insurance has been effected. No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 7th January, 1930.

labour in the coalmining industry and would welcome, if possible, one also on wages and conditions of work. The British Government was in sympathy with all attempts to standardise labour conditions when circumstances were ripe for such standardisation. He hoped that the question of wages and conditions of labour would be carefully explored.

On the matter of hours of work,

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

N.Y.K. LINE. (NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA).

From EUROPE and STRAITS.

The Steamship,

"MITO MARU," having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 11th January, 1930, will be subject to rent. Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co.'s representatives on any Tuesdays and Fridays, at 2.30 p.m. within the free storage period.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns. No fire insurance has been effected.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Agents.

Hongkong, 4th January, 1930.

N. Y. K. LINE. (NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.)

From EUROPE and STRAITS.

The Steamship,

"KITANO MARU," having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Goods not cleared by the 10th Jan. 1930, will be subject to rent. Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Co.'s representatives on any Tuesdays and Fridays, at 2.30 p.m. within the free storage period.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns. No fire insurance has been effected.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Agents.

Hongkong, 6th January, 1930.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS LIMITED.

From LEITH, MIDDLEBRO', LONDON AND STRAITS.

The Steamship,

"BENRACKIE" Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of The Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves' delivery may be obtained.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 10th January will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 24th inst. or they will not be recognized. All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 9th January at 10 a.m. by Messrs. Godard and Douglas.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by: GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 3rd January, 1930.

he was fully convinced that, with a little patience, open-mindedness and determination, a convention on that question would be possible.—*British Wireless.*

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS "MANIFESTO", HONGKONG

Codes Used: A1, A.B.C. Fifth Edition, Engineering, First and Second Editions, Western Union and Watkins, Benson's, Marconi.

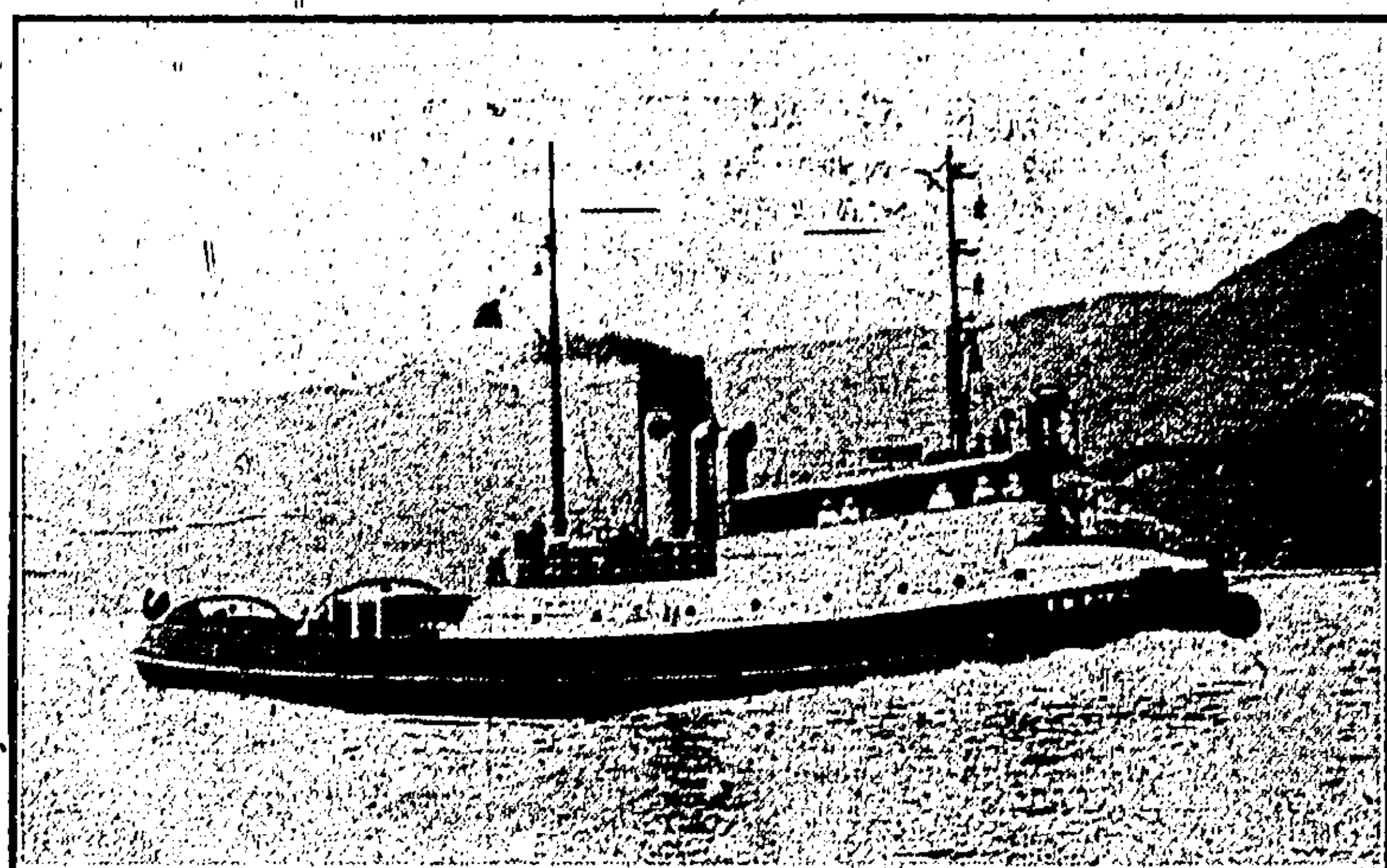
Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine & Land Engineers, Boiler Makers, Iron Steel & Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians.

The Company possesses Six Granite Docks and Two Patent Slipways.

The dimensions of No. 1 Dock are 700 ft. x 86 ft. x 30 ft.

Call Flags: Hongkong Harbour.

International Code:—Engineer "K" or "U". Shipwright "T". Boiler-maker "V".

**STEAM TUG "FU PING"**

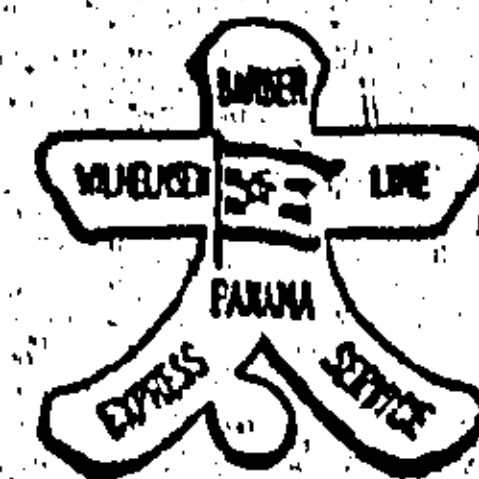
Built to the order of the Kailan Mining Administration, Tientsin, for service in Chinwangtao

Dimensions:—Length B.P., 110 ft.; breadth mid., 25 ft.; depth mid., 11 ft.;

780 I.H.P. Mean speed 11.65 knots on trial.

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager;

R. M. DYER, B. Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

**BARBER WILHELMSSEN LINE.**

TRANS-PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC COAST SERVICE via PANAMA.

NEXT SAILING

M.S. "TAI PING YANG"

on JANUARY 20th

for

SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, NEW YORK & BOSTON.

42 Days To New York

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(COMPANIES incorporated in ENGLAND)
Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading for Straits, Java and Burma, Ceylon, India, Persian Gulf, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa, Australasia, including New Zealand & Queensland Ports, Red Sea, Egypt, Constantinople, Greece, Levantine Ports, Europe, etc.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTHRIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS. (UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
LAHORE	5,304	11th Jan.	M'les, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dm, & A'werp
KHIVA	9,135	18th Jan.	M'les, L'don, R'dm & A'werp
MIRZAPORE	6,715	22nd Jan.	Straits, Colombo & B'bay
JEYPORE	5,318	25th Jan.	M'les, L'don, Hull, H'bg, Rotterdam & Antwerp

*Cargo only. *Calls Casa Blanca.

Frequent connections from Port said for Passengers & Cargo to Constantinople, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by Steamers of the Khedivial Mail S.S. Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Ship	Tons	Date	Time	Destination
TALAMBA	8,081	9 Jan.	2.30 p.m.	S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TAKADA	6,949	23rd Jan.		S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TALMA	10,000	2nd Feb.		S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
SHIRALA	7,841	10th Feb.		S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TAKIWA	7,836	20th Feb.		S'pore, Penang & Calcutta
TILAWA	10,006	3rd Mar.		S'pore, Penang & Calcutta

B. I. Apar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers. All steamers are fitted with wireless and carry a qualified surgeon.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

Ship	Tons	Date	Time	Destination
NELLORE	6,853	31st Jan.		Manila, Sandakan, Thure
TANDA	6,856	28th Feb.		Island, Townsville, B'bane
ST. ALBANS	4,500	4th Apr.		(Sydney and Melbourne)

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hongkong to Japan and Hongkong to Australia.
The E. & A. S.S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Kobe, Cebu, Kulabagan, Tawao, Timor, Darwin, or other ports on route as inducement offers.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—
The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.
The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.
The P. & O. French Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.
The New Zealand Shipping Co. Steamers to Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

Ship	Tons	Date	Time	Destination
KIDDERPORE	5,834	10 Jan.	4 p.m.	Moji & Kobe
TALMA	10,000	13 Jan.	6 a.m.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
SHIRALA	7,841	18th Jan.		Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
KARMALA	9,128	18th Jan.		S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yoko

*Cargo only.
All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

Parcels Measuring not more than 2 1/2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Co's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.
For Passage Rates, Handbooks, Freights, etc., apply to
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P. & O. Bldg., Connaught Rd., O. Agents.

GLEN LINE.

Fare Hongkong to London £62.

FO LONDON, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG via STRAITS & COLOMBO.

Motor Vessel	"GLENAMOY"	12th	Feb
Motor Vessel	"GLENAPP"	13th	Mar
Motor Vessel	"GLENBEG"	7th	May
Steamship	"GLENIFFER"	14th	June

TO SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOK.

Motor Vessel	"GLENAMOY"	11th Jan.
Motor Vessel	"GLENGAREY"	20th Jan.
Motor Vessel	"GLENAPP"	31st Jan.
Motor Vessel	"GLENSHIEL"	14th Feb.
Motor Vessel	"GLENLUCE"	3rd Mar.

For freight, passage and further particulars, apply to:

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

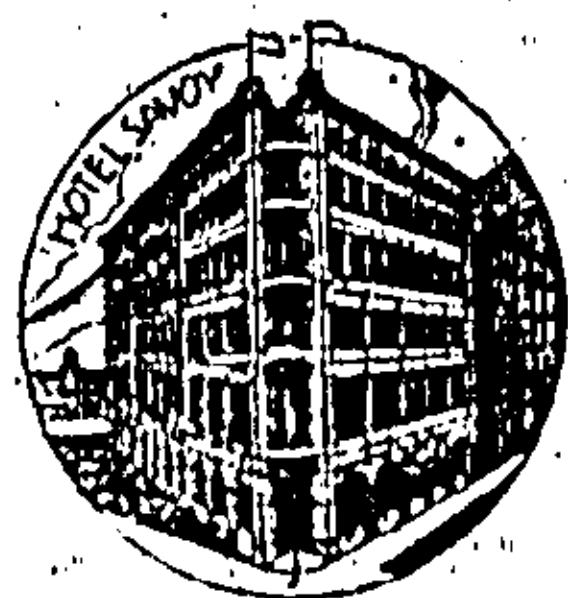
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After dinner
dancing every
Tuesday, Thursday
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"MALAYA'S NICEST HOTEL".....

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Also Added Attractions.

Best performances to-day, at 5.30, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m.

"THE HIGH STEPPERS"

AT THE MAJESTIC NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON.

BRITISH POWER IN CABLE FIELD.

AMERICA A TRIFLE ANXIOUS OVER MERGER.

CONTRASTING VIEWS.

Washington, Jan. 7.

Mr. Newcomb Carlton, the President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, president of the American Telegraph and Cable Company and of the International Ocean, Gold and Stock Telegraph companies, giving evidence today before the Inter-State Committee, expressed the opinion that the amalgamation of the British wireless and cable companies had not menaced in the slightest American business in the same field.

The Radio Corporation of America and the Western Union Telegraph Company, had, he declared, a dominant position in the Far East and "reprisals" might be made against the British monopoly if it attempted to obtain world control of communications.

Mr. Newcomb Carlton's statement contrasts strikingly with the evidence recently given before the same committee by Mr. Owen D. Young, the author of the Young Reparations Plan, and the chairman of the Radio Corporation of America.

Mr. Young was of the opinion that Congressional approval of mergers of the American wireless and cable companies was necessary if they were to be able to compete with foreign interests.—*Reuter's American Service.*

UNEMPLOYED LIST BIGGER.

REACTION FROM XMAS SEASON.

London, Jan. 7.

Following the Christmas season, a large increase of unemployment is notified by the Ministry of Labour.

On December 30th, the total number of unemployed was 1,516,200. This was 206,643 more than on December 15th. A similar increase was shown last year, when the total on December 31st was 249,578 more than that for December 17th.

It is pointed out that, owing to the dismissal of workers engaged for Christmas trade and to extended short time working, there is normally a large increase of unemployment immediately after Christmas.

The total number of unemployed at the end of 1929 was 1,053,000 less than that at the end of 1928.—*British Wireless.*

FAMOUS DETECTIVE'S DEATH.

ARRESTED JABEZ BALFOUR AND CRIPPEN.

London, Jan. 7.

The death has taken place of Mr. Frank Frost, for many years a famous British detective.

Thirty-five years ago, he arrested in Argentina, and brought to England, Jabez Balfour, who received a heavy sentence for the "Liberator" frauds.

Later, he was responsible for bringing Crippen to justice for the murder of his wife. Crippen was identified on an Atlantic liner while escaping to Canada, and information of this was sent to Frost by wireless telegraphy—the first time that wireless was used to bring about the arrest of a criminal.—*British Wireless.*

LORD THOMSON'S DELAY.

FLIGHT INTERRUPTED BY FOG.

London, Jan. 7.

Lord Thomson, Secretary for Air, was flying from London to Paris this afternoon when the aeroplane was forced to come down at Abbeville, owing to fog.—*British Wireless.*

BIG OIL REFINERY BLAZE.

SERIOUS FIRE OCCURS IN CZECHO-SLOVAKIA.

Prague, Jan. 7.

A fire broke out today in a mineral oil refinery at Moravskov-strava.

The blazing oil spread round the refinery, forming a veritable lake of fire. One workman is missing and two others have been seriously injured.—*Reuter.*

BRILLIANT ROME DISPLAY.

REMARKABLE SCENES GORGEOUS COSTUMES.

COLOURFUL ROYAL WEDDING FESTIVITIES.

AT BIG PARADE.

Rome, Jan. 7.

The most characteristically national as well as one of the most colourful of the festivities held in Rome in connexion with the wedding of the Italian Crown Prince and Princess Marie Jose of Belgium, took place today.

Four thousand five hundred people from the Italian Provinces and colonies participated in a wonderful parade of costumes.

Provincial Costumes.

Some of them were dressed in the most gorgeous clothing, while others were garbed with the utmost simplicity.

Animals, typical of the different districts, accompanied the long procession, which was led by eight hundred trumpeters playing the March of "The Regions of Italy" specially composed for the occasion by Mascagni.

Each group as it passed the Royal Tribune erected in Quirinal Square made its salutation in local fashion.

Musical Efforts.

Many of the groups carried musical instruments. There were tambourines from Naples, accordions from Forli, bag-pipes from Abruzzi and little wooden shepherd's pipes from Campagna.

The contingent from Sardinia sang strange traditional liturgies.

Campaigna Bulls.

Bulls from Campaigna drew decorated carts bearing altars, fifty camels from Libya ridden by a native contingent were accompanied by a hundred horsemen representing the delegation from the Island of Rhodes, all dressed in the ancient costume of the Knights of Rhodes.

Occasionally a space was cleared in front of the Royal Tribune while a tarantella or a native jig was danced.

The cortege took three hours to pass.—*Reuter.*

Wedding Gifts.

Rome, Jan. 7.

Valuable objects d'art, executed by great fifteenth century artists, are among the wonderful presents to the Royal couple from the Government, Senate, Chamber and Fascist Party.

The bridegroom's presents to the bride include a priceless pearl necklace willed by his grandmother Queen Margherita to whomever his bride might be.

The King of Italy has given the castle of Racconigi, in Piedmont, Prince Humbert's birthplace, where they will spend part of their honeymoon, and will chiefly reside.—*Reuter.*

Budapest, Jan. 7.

The Hungarian Government has sent to Prince Humbert, as a wedding present, a Hungarian coach, with a team of four milk-white Arab horses.—*Reuter.*

The wedding of Prince Humbert and Princess Marie Jose takes place today. The ceremony will be performed in the historic Pauline Chapel by Cardinal Maffi, the Archbishop of Pisa.

TWO SHIPS ASHORE AT SAMSHUI.

ANJOU GETS OFF AFTER FORTY-EIGHT HOURS.

Returning to Hongkong early this morning, the s.s. Anjou reports having been aground at Samsui whilst on her way up to Wuchow. She left here on the evening of December 31 and grounded at Samsui the next day.

She remained fast for about 48 hours but eventually managed to free herself and then continued on her voyage to Wuchow.

Another vessel which had a similar experience is the new vessel Toi Shan. She sailed from Hongkong for Wuchow on January 3 and the last heard concerning her is that she was still aground on Monday at Samsui.

PINE WEATHER.

The Royal Observatory reports that a strong anticyclone remains central to the north of Yangtze Valley. Strong monsoon along the S.E. of China and over the North China Sea. The forecast till noon, to-morrow: 14.—North winds; fresh; fine.

ECHO OF MACAO REVOLT.

CIVILIAN PRISONERS ARRIVE IN HONGKONG.

BOUND FOR TIMOR.

The presence of the m.v. Svali (local agents Messrs. Botelho Brothers) in the harbour today is invested with more than ordinary interest from the fact that amongst the passengers on board are four men who are being deported to Timor on account, it is alleged, of their association with the recent attempted military revolt at Macao.

The Svali went up to Macao the other day in the course of a round trip from Timor, and while at Macao, opportunity was taken by the authorities to ship aboard four civilian prisoners who have been kept in custody since their arrest last month on charges of being concerned in the attempted revolt.

The Svali, after taking aboard these prisoners, arrived in Hongkong with them yesterday, and is at present lying off West Point awaiting clearance for Timor and intermediate ports of call.

On enquiries this morning, a Telegraph reporter was informed that one of the prisoners, all of whom are being kept on board under close military custody, is Mr. Damiao Rodrigues, ex-President of the "Camara Municipal" (Municipal Council) of Macao, who was named as a prominent civilian collaborator in the attempted military coup. Another prisoner is a Mr. Almeida. The names of the other two men are undecipherable in the mutilated telegram that has been received here advising their departure.

Under exactly what terms or conditions the prisoners are being sent to Timor, which is a Portuguese Colony, having a close judicial affiliation with Macao, is not known beyond the fact that it amounts at least to deportation, as is indicated by the compulsory nature of their transfer and by the fact that they have been closely guarded during the voyage.

DOLLAR'S SLUMP EFFECTS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

extremely small volume of trade was passing.

Last year, which has been described by one local piece goods merchant as the worst since 1925, showed a considerable reduction in business, due largely to the fall in the dollar and political upheavals in China. The year 1930 has started even less promisingly. The exchange rate has continued to fall and the natural sequence will be higher rates for imported goods.

Restricted Business.

The Shanghai dealer pointed out to-day the difference in cost of certain woollen articles manufactured in England about a year ago as compared with the present time, and said that the higher cost, owing to the depreciation of the dollar, was bound to result in restricted business.

Only essentials and necessities would be bought, and if the retail houses tried to stimulate trade, the only means they had of doing that was by being content with a smaller profit.

Black Outlook.

Traders find it difficult to look forward with any degree of optimism to satisfactory trading during the present year. The silver glut seems to hold out no promise of any improvement in the dollar, exchange rate, and the general opinion locally is that further depreciation will ensue.

As regards the piece goods trade, the woollen season should now be in full swing, but few dealers are doing anything like normal business. The lower purchasing power of the Chinese has resulted in an increased demand for the cheaper Japanese goods—lines which experienced greater popularity during 1929.

WOOL WAGE DISPUTE.

LABOUR MINISTRY ORDERS INVESTIGATION.

London, Jan. 7.

The Minister of Labour has appointed Mr. Hugh Pattison Macmillan, K.C., to be the "Court of Enquiry" to investigate the dispute regarding wages in the wool and allied textile trades of the northern counties.—*British Wireless.*

SPEAKEASY



PAUL PAGE LOLA LANE
HENRY B. WALTHALL
HELEN WARE
SHARON LYNN
BENJAMIN STOLOFF Producer

ALL-DIALOG FOX MOVIE TONE FEATURE

The Romance of a Girl of Grit!

The brawl of the Speakeasy the crookedness of the Race Track, the pitfalls of the right Lights—she won't throw all this to save her mar.



WITNESS WITH H-ART'S METROPHONE NEWS REEL HAWAIIAN DANCERS, RECORD PARACHUTE JUMPING, SWORD FIGHTING AND ACROBATS IN SHANGHAI

LAUGH at STAN LAUREL and OLIVER HARDY
In their rollicking all-talking comedy

"THEY GO BOOM"

DE FASCINATED with GUS EDWARD'S
COLOUR TONE REVUE

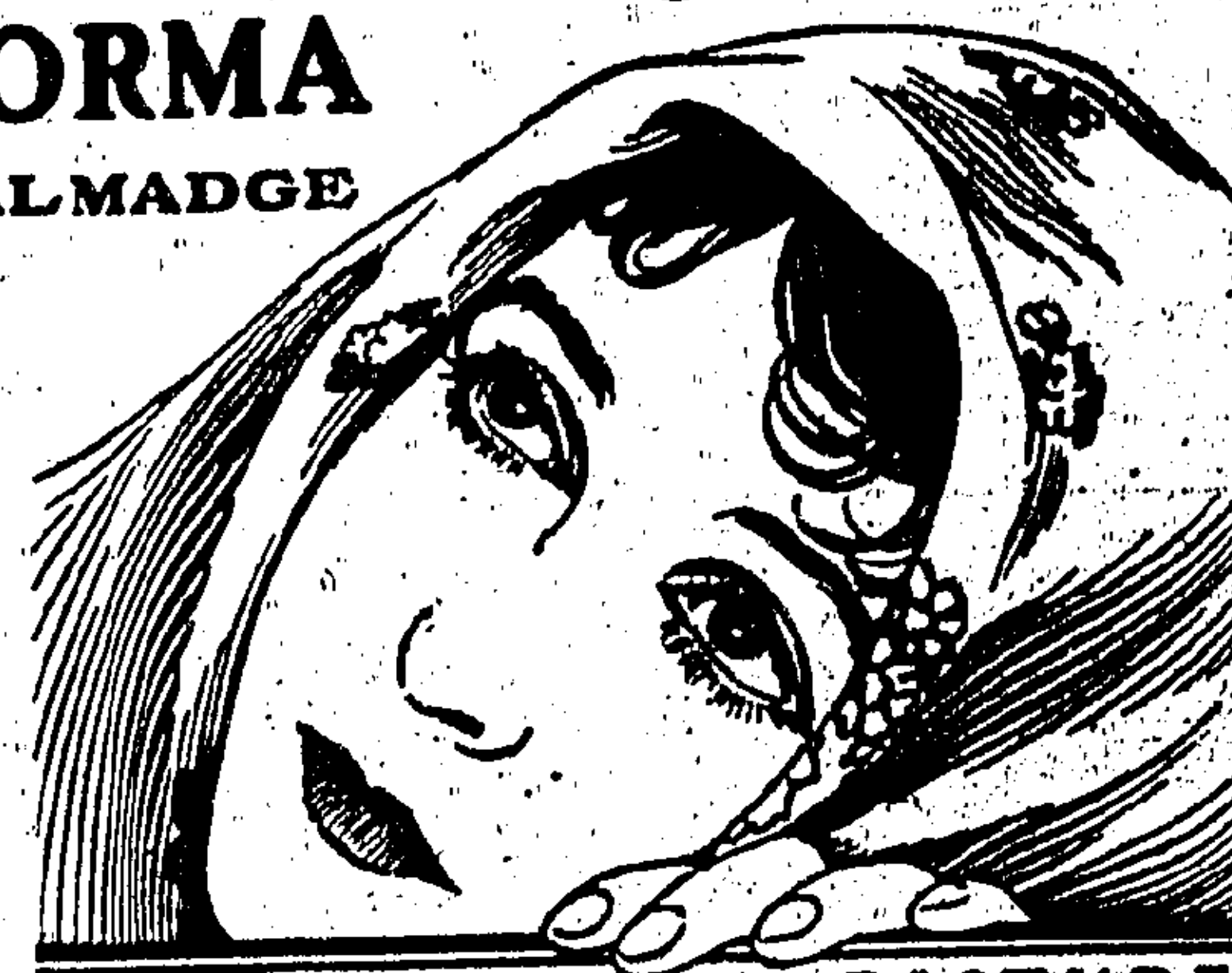
A MEDLEY OF INTERNATIONAL SONGS AND DANCES
YOU WILL WONDER AT THE RUSSIAN LADY-VIOLINIST,
BE CHARMED WITH THE LITTLE OUT-HUGGERS, LAUGH
AT THE SCOTCHMAN, BE ENTHRALLED WITH THE
SEDUCTIVE SPANISH SENORITA
AND THEN "MISS AMERICA"

AT THE QUEEN'S FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

THE WOMAN DISPUTED

Starring

NORMA TALMADGE



UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE

At 7.15 & 9.20

Mlle AMETA PARISIAN DANCER

AT THE WORLD WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.20.

HE WAS KING OF SWAT

~ and, oh boy, what a hit he made with the ladies!



With WILLIAM HAINES AND SALLY O'NEIL
AT THE STAR FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 5.30 & 9.20.